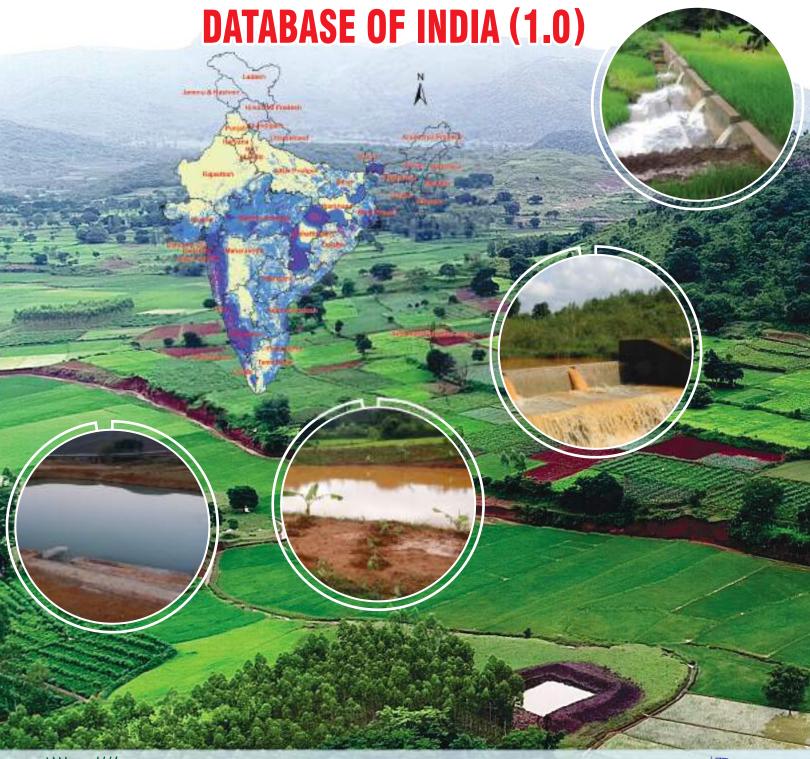
# RAINWATER HARVESTING POTENTIAL





ICAR-INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION (IISWC) 218-Kaulagarh Road, Dehradun - 248 195 (Uttarakhand)







# RAINWATER HARVESTING POTENTIAL DATABASE OF INDIA (1.0)

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#### **FOREWORD**



त्रिलोचन महापात्र, <sub>पीएच.डी.</sub> सचिव एवं महानिदेशक

Trilochan Mohapatra, Ph.D. SECRETARY & DIRECTOR GENERAL



कृषि अनुसंधान और शिक्षा विभाग एवं भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय, कृषि भवन, नई दिल्ली 110 001 GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH & EDUCATION AND

INDIAN COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

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Rainfed areas account for 48.7% of the net sown area and 34.1% of the gross cropped area. As the widespread irrigation is not possible in rainfed areas, opportunities do exist for small-scale and supplemental irrigation through use of fresh rainwater. Further, our monsoon climate has wide variation in rainwater availability across the regions. Diverse agro-ecological situations present in the country demand for various strategies to manage the surface and ground water resource. Unregulated exploitation of these precious resources is leading to reduced surface water bodies, declining ground water levels, drying of springs and aquifers. Therefore, scientific management of available water resource is essential, which would assess the rainwater harvesting potential at different spatial scale so that appropriate techniques may be employed to boost development of rainfed areas.

I congratulate the researchers at ICAR-IISWC, Dehradun for their endeavor in releasing state wise rainwater harvesting potential database in the form of bulletin. This database will definitely strengthen various aspects of surface and ground water management efforts by different government and non-government agencies.

Dated the 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 New Delhi

(T. Mohapatra)









#### **MESSAGE**



डॉ सुरेश कुमार चौधरी उपमहानिदेशक (प्राकृतिक संसाधन प्रबंधन)

Dr Suresh Kumar Chaudhari Deputy Director General (Natural Resources Management)



भारतीय कृषि अनुसंधान परिषद कक्ष क्र. १०१ए कृषि अनुसंधान भवन-।।, नई दिल्ली- ११० ०१२, भारत INDIAN COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH Room No. 101, Krishi Anusandhan Bhawan-II, Pusa, New Delhi- 110 012, India

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Water resource development and management is a key area which needs focused attention due to increased population and rapid country's water resource. However, with the growing scarcity water, the share of water for farming is decreasing day by day. Therefore constructive efforts are needed to harvest surplus rainwater for its proper utilization and management. Distributed water harvesting provides the opportunities for equitable development as it provides distributed storage and ease of access.

Planning and design of rainwater harvesting system require accurate assessment of runoff potential at different spatial and temporal scale. The present publication will provide a handy ready reckoner for rainwater harvesting resource assessment at macro and micro scale.

I am glad to know that ICAR-IISWC, Dehradun has prepared a geo-spatial database on rainwater harvesting potential of our country. This database is being published in the form of a technical bulletin. I appreciate the efforts put by the team of scientist of ICAR-IISWC, Dehradun who have endeavored to present the data for functional use at field level.

25<sup>th</sup> March, 2022 New Delhi

(S. K. Chaudhari)









#### **PREFACE**

Challenging task of producing 377 M tons of food grain by 2050 to meet food demand of the country's growing population from limited non-renewable natural resources emphasis judicious use of all the resources. Demand for water is increasing, with agriculture being the major consumer and consequently, share of agriculture sector in the total water use may reduce from 78% to 65-68% in 2050 due to competing demands from other sectors. By 2050, about 22% of the total geographic area and 17% of the population will face water scarcity as per the estimate. Water scarcity is the outcome of the ever growing population, which results into higher demand for water in agriculture, industrial and domestic sectors.

Groundwater, which is the major source of irrigation at present, is rapidly declining by about 1 m annually in the rice-wheat areas due to over—exploitation. The percentage of over exploited blocks where ground water extraction exceeded ground water recharge is increasing at rapid rate. Therefore, goals of enhanced food production and agricultural growth will have to be accomplished from declining availability of water, thus necessitating its efficient and optimal utilization.

Rainfed areas account for 49% of India's net cultivated land. In the present scenario, even after the realization of India's full irrigation potential, around 40% of net cultivable area of 142 million ha will still remain rainfed. In the light of the limited scope of increasing production from the irrigated sector, transforming rainfed farming into more sustainable and productive system through efficient use of natural resources provides the only viable alternative to the problem. However, rainfed area offer great potential for agricultural growth. The challenge before the Indian agriculture, therefore, is to transform rainfed farming into more sustainable and productive systems through efficient use of natural resources.

The potential harvestable rainwater in the form of overland runoff in 15 states of the country is 112048 MCM (11.2 M ha-m). Water available for protective irrigation is estimated at 33614 MCM which can support the rainfed area for irrigation to the tune of 22.41 M ha with two supplementary irrigations. A total of about 78434 MCM is available for groundwater recharge. This data has been developed as GIS database so as to facilitate data-driven, location-specific planning of rainwater management.

We appreciate the support and services of all the scientist, technical and administrative staff in bringing out this bulletin which will immensely helps to the administrator, policy makers, and other stakeholders' who are working on water resources particularly rainwater management.

(Authors)









# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The development of this database and present bulletin is culmination of the geo-spatial analytical study carried out for assessing the rainwater harvesting potential (RWH) across 15 states of India under Consortia Research Platform – Water project funded by ICAR, New Delhi. We express our deep sense of gratitude to Dr A.K. Sikka erstwhile Deputy Director General (NRM), ICAR for his keen interest and guidance for the initiation of CRP-Water project and identifying key issues in the rainwater management sector of our country. Dr S.K. Ambast erstwhile Director, IIWM had provided all-round support for the execution of the project and his suggestions are thankfully acknowledged. We would also like to acknowledge the support of all the Directors of partner Institutions and their scientists for their constant support and academic contribution during the period of this study. Help rendered by the staff of ICAR-IISWC while preparation of this document is also acknowledged.

(Authors)









#### INTRODUCTION

Out of 4000 BCM of rainfall in our country, the estimated available river flow water is 1869 BCM, and a typical water balance would reveal that our drainage systems carry approximately 40% of the received rainfall. Remaining 60% is attributed to evapotranspiration and natural ground water recharge, latter component being very meagre. The concept and perspective of looking into salvaging the apparently lost ~60% of the total water resources as runoff-soil storage and majorly to evaporation (in the absence of any productive vegetative growth) is the core objective of rainwater harvesting technology. Hence, to tap the difference between the precipitation received and the present utilization, measures are to be taken to maximize the use of precipitation. This can be achieved through well planned water conservation schemes for managing unused rainwater with focus on water storage (*ex-situ* and *in-situ*) for deferred use and enhanced groundwater recharge while controlling runoff, siltation of water bodies and evaporation.

In this context, the water harvesting has been duly emphasized in the National Water Policy as well as in the National Agriculture Policy of Government of India. Therefore, rainwater harvesting and its management has become imperative in both rural as well as urban areas. It has been demonstrated in various programmes of IISWC, Dehradun that participatory water resource development increases crop yields, groundwater recharge, employment generation and improvement of socio-economic conditions of the local people.

However, large-scale adoption of water harvesting initiatives suffer from lack of hydrological data and insufficient attention during the planning stages to important social and economic considerations. Transfer of water harvesting technologies calls for stronger partnership among researchers, farmers and other development agencies through location-specific, data-driven development programmes. Therefore, this geo-database is developed based on the sound hydrological methodology and provide factual information on the harvestable water in different agro-ecological regions of the country.









## **METHODOLOGY**

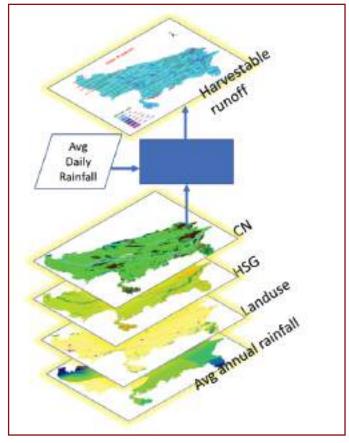
The part of rainfall that appears as overland flow on landscape is typically estimated as instantaneous rainfall excess and depends on the soil, vegetation or land cover, slope and rainfall intensity. A well-tested rainfall event-based model to compute the rainfall excess under the influence of soil and land cover conditions is the Curve Number Method (USDA-SCS,1985). The method uses an integration of land use and soil data to determine CN values of each grid cell.

The data on hydrologic soil group (HSG) was developed by ICAR-NBSS & LUP, Nagpur. The global land use/land cover data (Chen et. al., 2014) was further verified for accuracy from local available resources and corrected wherever large discrepancies were found. The gridded rainfall data of India (IMD, 2005) was analysed and different time series of input rainfall were used in the model. Finally, the runoff grid data was developed by summing the model output on an annual time scale in each grid cell. Therefore, the data that is presented here is for average annual rainfall condition. The harvestable runoff potential was taken as 60% of the total rainfall excess so computed.

This value is adopted for brevity and uniformity and keeping in view the overall water balance of the country. The process is depicted in Fig. 2.1.

#### Main Features of the Database

- 1. High resolution (30 m) GIS database based on the following available country-wide data for India
  - (i) Gridded daily rainfall data (1951-2007) (IMD, Pune (Rajeevan et. al., 2005)
  - (ii) Landuse / landcover data (Global land cover (Chen et. al., 2014)
  - (iii) Aster DEM data for India (U.S./Japan ASTER Science Team (NASA, 2019)
  - (iv) Hydrologic soil group data (ICAR-NBSS & LUP)
  - IISWC)



(v) Analyzed design rainfall data (ICAR- Fig. 2.1: Spatial and non-spatial data for the implementation of CN method





- 2. Database is updatable with any change in above mentioned input data.
- 3. The existing water bodies and urban/built-up areas are excluded so as to provide factual harvestable rainwater potential for agricultural use and ground water recharge.
- 4. Specific use of database is for planning and designing of location-specific water harvesting structures with no need for entangling to cumbersome hydrologic estimation methods.
- 5. This is also an endeavour to account for and include harvestable rainwater resources in the mainstream policy as this will be imperative under the climate change scenario.



# 3.0

# **COUNTRY WATER RESOURCES AND AGRICULTURE AT A GLANCE**



Photo 3.1: Check dam at Raipalli-2 micro watershed in Bidar District of Karnataka



Photo 3.2: Farm Pond at Navagam Vanta, Khambhat, Gujarat



Photo 3.3: Farm Pond in Koraput District of Odisha



Photo 3.4: Check dam in Maharashtra state



Photo 3.5: Oorani System for Rainwater harvesting for Drinking purpose in Tamil Nadu



Photo 3.6: Lift irrigation system in Dahod, Gujarat

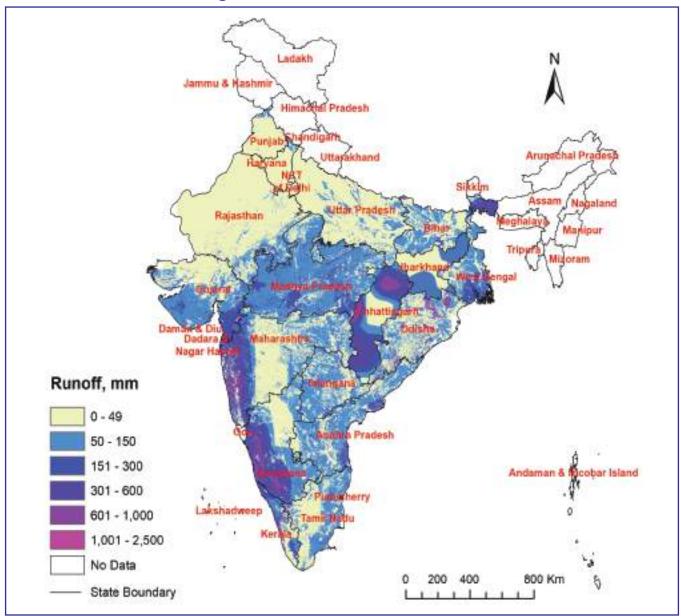


# **3.1 Country Profile**

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source
			1. Demogr	aphic Characteristics	
1.1	Geographical ar	rea (GA)	Mha	328.73	DES (2019)
1.2	District		No	742	
1.3	Gram panchaya	ıt	No	255275	
1.4	Villages	Villages		662294	LGD (2022)
1.5	Total population	1	M	1210.9	,
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	623.3 587.6	
1.6	Livestock popul	lation	M	535.79	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	Use Statistics	
2.1	Forest area		Mha	72.01 (21.91% of GA)	
2.2	Area under non-	-agri-cultural uses	Mha	27.34	
2.3	Barren & uncult	urable land	Mha	17.17	
2.4	Permanent past	ures & grazing	Mha	10.38	
2.5	Culturable wast	eland	Mha	12.22	DES (2019)
2.6	Land under mise	c. tree crops	Mha	3.15	
2.7	Fallow land other	er than current	Mha	11.63	
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	14.53	
			3. Agricu	Itural Indicators	
3.1	GAV of agricultu	uro and allied	Rs in Crore	3587986	DES (2020)
3.1		GAV of agriculture and allied sector at current prices		3307900	DL3 (2020)
3.2	Total operationa	al holdings	000'	146454	DES (2020)
3.2.1	Marginal	Marginal Small		Medium	Large
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)
	100251	25809	13993	5561	838
3.3	Net sown area (I		Mha	139.35	
3.4	Gross cropped	•	Mha	197.32	
3.5	Cropping intens		%	141,60	DES (2019)
3.6	Rainfed area	,,	Mha	67.80 (48.7% of NSA)	
3.7	Horticultural cro	ons	Mha	26.22	DES (2020)
0.7	Tiortioultural ord	,60		er Resources	DEG (2020)
4.1	Net irrigated are	` '	Mha	71.55	DES (2019)
4.2	Gross irrigated		Mha	102.67	
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources
4.0	16.43	1.67	34.71	11.04	7.71
4.3	Intensity of irrig		%	143.48	00MD 0040 00
4.4	Annual extracta	ble groundwater  Irrigation use (BC)	BCM	292.70	CGWB, 2019-20  Domestic use (BCM)
4.4.1		221.4	>IVI)	Industry use (BCM) 2.38	24.87
4.5	Stage of ground	lwater extraction	%	63.33	CGWB (2020)
4.6	Area under micr		Mha	12.53 (17.5% of NIA)	DES (2020)
		s for groundwater	No	6881	CGWB (2020)
47	Safe	Semi-critical	Critical	Over-exploited	Saline
4.7 4.7.1		972 (14%)	313 (5%)	1189 (17%)	100 (1%)
4.7 4.7.1	4310 (63%)			1177 (308-3510)	DES (2020)
	4310 (63%) Annual rainfall (I	Range)	mm		
4.7.1		<b>U</b> ,		pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)	
4.7.1 4.8			5. Watershed Develo	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)	
4.7.1		<b>U</b> ,	5. Watershed Develo	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  Treated area (Mha)  11.84	To be treated area (Mha)



# 3.2 Rainwater Harvesting Potential



Map 3.1: Rainwater harvesting potential of India (15 states)

Table 3.1: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge for 15 states of India

S. N.	Particular	Unit	Data
1	Total harvestable runoff	мсм	112048
2	Total harvestable runoff	M ha-m	11.2
3	Available water for protective irrigation	МСМ	33614
4	Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation	M ha	22.41
5	Available water for ground water recharge	мсм	78434





# STATE WISE RAINWATER HARVESTING DATA BASE

#### 4.1 Northen States

4.1.1	Uttar Pradesh
4.1.2	Punjab
4.1.3	Haryana
4.1.4	Madhya Pradesh



Photo 4.1: Flowing overflow water above weir crest at Sahijana, Lucknow, **Uttar Pradesh** 



Photo 4.2: A dugout pond for runoff harvesting, Punjab



harvesting, Haryana



Photo 4.3: Dugout pond for field level water Photo 4.4: A rainwater harvesting tank in district Panna, Madhya Pradesh





Photo 4.5: Straight drop spillway with Earthen embakement at Ranjeetpur block, Yamuna Nagar, Haryana



Photo 4.6: Earthen check dam, Sukhomajri, Panchkula, Punjab



Photo 4.7: Straight drop spillway, Punjab



Photo 4.8: A stop dam at Akoda Nadi, Khairoda, district Guna, Madhya **Pradesh** 



**Pradesh** 



Photo 4.9: Straight drop spillway, Uttar Photo 4.10: Masonry storage tank, Uttar Pradesh



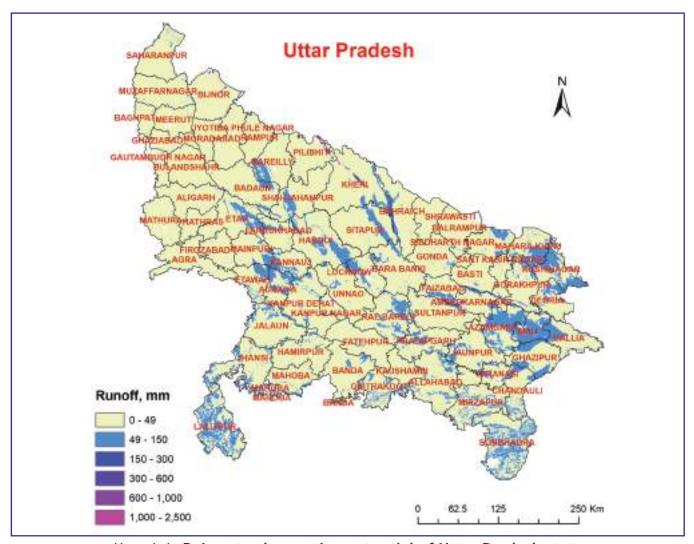
# 4.1.1 Uttar Pradesh

## 4.1.1.1 State profile

S. N.	Part	ticular	Units	Value	Source		
			1. Demogr	aphic Characteristics			
1.1	Geographical ar	rea (GA)	Mha	24.09	DES (2019)		
1.2	District		No	75			
1.3	Gram panchaya	Gram panchayat		nayat No 58073		58073	
1.4	Villages	/illages		97941	GoUP (2022)		
1.5	Total population		M	19.98	DES (2020)		
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	10.44 9.53			
1.6	Livestock popul	lation	M	67.80	DAHD (2018)		
			2. Land	Use Statistics			
2.1	Forest area		Mha	1.71 (7.1% of GA)			
2.2		-agri-cultural uses	Mha	3.17			
2.3	Barren & uncult		Mha	0.44			
2.4	Permanent past		Mha	0.07			
2.5	Culturable waste		Mha	0.39	DES (2019)		
2.6	Land under mise		Mha	0.27			
2.7	Fallow land other	•	Mha	0.59			
2.8	Current fallow	i than our chi	Mha	0.98			
2.0	Carrone ranow						
				Itural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agricultusector at curren		Rs in Lakh	40193102	DES (2020)		
3.2		Total operational holdings		23822	DES (220)		
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	000' Semi- Medium	Medium	Large		
J.Z. 1	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)		
	19099	3008	1313	376	22		
3.3	Net sown area (I		Mha	16.53	22		
3.4	Gross cropped	•	Mha	26.85			
3.5		Cropping intensity		% 162.4			
3.6	Rainfed area	ity	Mha	2.15 (13.0% of NSA)			
3.7		Iorticultural crops Mha 2.4		DES (2020)			
3.7	Horticultural Cic	/ps			DE3 (2020)		
			4. Wate	er Resources			
4.1	Net irrigated are	` '	Mha	14.39	DES (2019)		
4.2	Gross irrigated		Mha	21.68			
4.2.1	Canal		Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources		
	2.18	0.08	10.74	1.27	0.12		
4.3	Intensity of irrig		%	150.64			
4.4	Annual extracta	ble groundwater	ВСМ	65.32	CGWB (2020)		
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC	SM)	Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)		
4 =	0, 6	40.89	0/	0	4.95		
4.5		lwater extraction	% NAI	70.18	CGWB (2020)		
4.6	Area under micr		Mha	0.21(1.45% of NIA)	DES (2020)		
4.7		s for groundwater	No	830	CGWB (2020)		
4.7		Semi-critical	Critical	Over-exploited 91 (11%)	Saline 0 (0%)		
4.7 4.7.1	Safe 540 (65%)	151 (18%)	40 (0.70)	0.(11/0)	3 (0 /0)		
4.7.1	540 (65%)	151 (18%) Range)	48 (6%) mm		Rakhecha 2016		
		Range)	mm	990 (792-1188)	Rakhecha, 2016		
4.7.1 4.8	540 (65%)	Range)	mm 5. Watershed Develo	990 (792-1188) pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)			
4.7.1	540 (65%)	Range)	mm 5. Watershed Develo	990 (792-1188)	Rakhecha, 2016  To be treated area (Mha) 5.0		



#### 4.1.1.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.1: Rainwater harvesting potential of Uttar Pradesh state

Table 4.1: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Uttar Pradesh

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	МСМ	M ha-m	
502-652	3.13	238.80	0.02	
652-762	7.37	966.88	0.10	
762-872	6.17	964.80	0.10	
872-996	4.37	837.25	0.08	
996-1353	2.22	587.23	0.06	
Total		3594.96	0.36	
Available water for irrigation &	ground water	recharge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		1078		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)		0.72		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	2516			



# **4.1.2** Punjab

# 4.1.2.1 State profile

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source
			1. Demogr	aphic Characteristics	
1.1	Geographical a	rea (GA)	Mha	5.04	DES (2019)
1.2	District		No	23	
1.3	Gram panchaya	it	No	13241	LCD 2022
1.4	Villages		No	12581	LGD, 2022
1.5	Total population		M	27.74	DES (2020)
1.5.1	Male Female		M	14.63 13.07	ì
1.6	Livestock population		M	6.99	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	Use Statistics	
2.1	Forest area		Mha	0.25	
2.2		-agri-cultural uses	Mha	0.51	
2.3	Barren & uncult		Mha	0.041	
2.4	Permanent past		Mha	0.004	
	Culturable wast			0.004	DES (2019)
2.5			Mha		(,
2.6	Land under mis		Mha	0.011	
2.7	Fallow land oth	er than current	Mha	0.006	
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	0.086	
			3. Agricu	Itural Indicators	
3.1	GAV of agricult		Rs in Lakh	15174920	DES (2020)
2.2	sector at curren	•	0001	4002	DEC (2020)
3.2	Total operations		000'	1092	DES (2020)
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)
	154	207	368	305	58
3.3	Net sown area (	NSA)	Mha	4.12	
3.4	Gross cropped	area	Mha	7.86	DES (2019)
3.5	Cropping intens	sity	%	190.6	DL3 (2019)
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	0.008 (0.19% of NSA)	
3.7	Horticultural cro	ops	Mha	0.41	DES (2020)
			4. Wate	er Resources	
4.1	Net irrigated are	a (NIA)	Mha	4.11	DES (2019)
4.2	Gross irrigated		Mha	7.74	DES (2013)
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources
7.2.1	1167	0	2944	0	0
4.3	Intensity of irrig		%	188	Ü
4.4		ble groundwater	BCM	21.58	CGWB (2020)
4.4 1.4.1	Annual extracta				
+.4. 1		Irrigation use (BC 34.56	olvi)	Industry use (BCM) 0.20	Domestic use (BCM) 1.01
4 5	Ctomo of musuum		%		
4.5		lwater extraction		165.77	CGWB (2020)
4.6	Area under mic		Mha	0.05 (1.22% of NIA)	DES (2020)
4.7		s for groundwater	No Critical	138	CGWB (2020)
174	Safe 22 (16%)	Semi-critical 5 (4%)	Critical 2 (1%)	Over-exploited 109 (79%)	<b>Saline</b> 0 (0%)
4.7.1			mm	592 (501-1000)	Data.gov.in, 2022
			111111	332 (301-1000)	Data.yuv.III, 2022
	Annual rainfall (	<b>.</b>			
4.8			5. Watershed Develo	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)	
4.7.1 4.8 5.1		<b>.</b>	5. Watershed Develo	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021) Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)



#### 4.1.2.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.2: Rainwater harvesting potential of Panjab state

Table 4.2: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Punjab

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff	
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m
193-330	1.30	86.01	0.01
330-457	1.34	143.54	0.01
457-591	1.13	181.78	0.02
591-759	0.82	141.72	0.01
759-1169	0.21	58.42	0.01
Total		611.47	0.06
Available water for irrigation	a & ground water i	recharge	
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		183	
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	rea that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha) 0.12		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)		428	



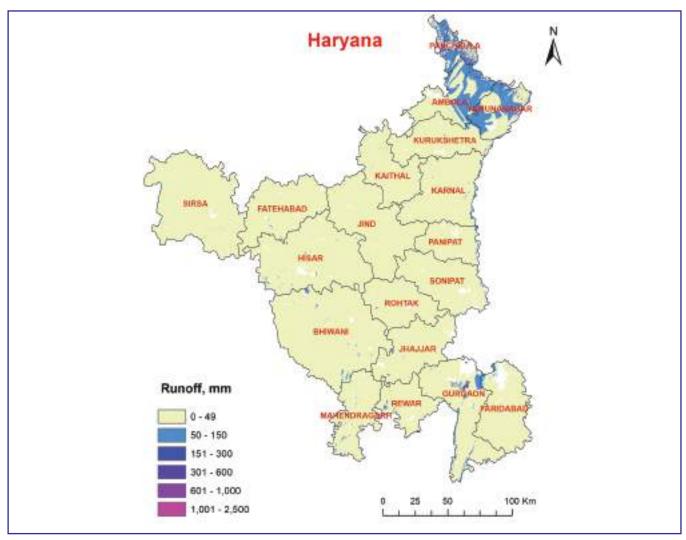
# 4.1.3 Haryana

## 4.1.3.1 State profile

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source
			1. Demogr	aphic Characteristics	
1.1	Geographical a	rea (GA)	Mha	4.42	DES (2019)
1.2	District		No	22	
1.3	Gram panchaya	at	No	6225	L CD (2022)
1.4	Villages		No	6841	LGD (2022)
1.5	Total population		M	25.35	DES (2020)
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	13.49 11.85	
1.6	Livestock popu	lation	M	6.94	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	Use Statistics	
2.1	Forest area		Mha	0.035 (0.8% of GA)	
2.2	Area under non	-agri-cultural uses	Mha	0.156	
2.3	Barren & uncult	turable land	Mha	0.289	
2.4	Permanent past	tures & grazing	Mha	0.074	
2.5	Culturable wast	eland	Mha	0.054	DES (2019)
2.6	Land under mis	c. tree crops	Mha	0.021	
2.7	Fallow land other	er than current	Mha	0.035	
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	0.105	
			3. Agricu	Itural Indicators	
3.1	GAV of agricultu	ure and allied	Rs in Lakh	13831923	DES (2020)
3.1	sector at curren		NS III LANII	1303 1923	DE3 (2020)
3.2	Total operationa	al holdings	000'	1628	DES (2020)
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)
	803	314	278	192	41
3.3	Net sown area (	NSA)	Mha	3.6	
3.4	Gross cropped	area	Mha	6.61	
3.5	Cropping intensity		%	183.4	DES (2019)
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	0.33 (9.02% of NSA)	
3.7	Horticultural cro	ops	Mha	0.47	DES (2020)
			4 Wat	er Resources	
4.4	Not instructed an	- (NII A)			DEC (2042)
4.1	Net irrigated are	` '	Mha	3.27	DES (2019)
4.2 4.2.1	Gross irrigated		Mha Tube-wells	6.02	Other courses
4.2.1	Canal 1206.2	Tanks 0	2066.4	Other wells 0	Other sources 0
4.3	Intensity of irrig		%	183	U
4.4		ıble groundwater	BCM	9.13	CGWB (2020)
4.4.1	Oxtraota	Irrigation use (BC		Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)
		11.53	,	0.34	0.63
4.5	Stage of ground	dwater extraction	%	136.91	CGWB (2020)
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation		Mha	0.63 (19.3% of NIA)	DES (2020)
4.7	Assessment units for groundwater		No	128	CGWB (2020)
4.7.1	Safe	Semi-critical	Critical	Over-exploited	Saline
	26 (20%)	21 (16%)	3 (2%)	78 (61%)	0 (0%)
4.8	Annual rainfall (	(Range)	mm	528 (501-1000)	Data.gov.in, 2022
			5. Watershed Develo	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)	
5.1		Treatable area <sup>®</sup> (N	lha)	Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)
		2.00		1.30	0.70
@ A ro	a to be treated w				5.1.0
Ale	a to be ireated W	itii watersiicus			



#### 4.1.3.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.3: Rainwater harvesting potential of Haryana state

Table 4.3: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Haryana

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	МСМ	M ha-m	
185-329	1.88	67.46	0.007	
329-425	1.27	76.33	0.008	
425-563	0.71	65.97	0.007	
563-719	0.18	47.97	0.005	
719-950	0.12	47.54	0.005	
Total		305.28	0.031	
Available water for irrigation	a & ground water	recharge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		92		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)		0.06		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)		214		



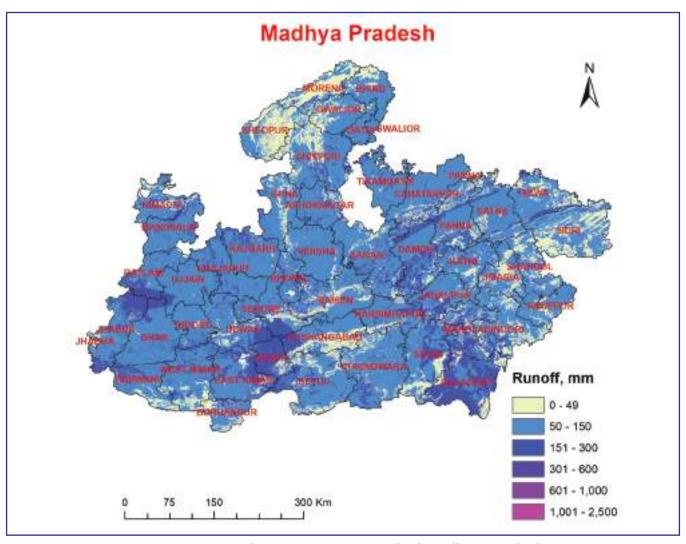
# 4.1.4 Madhya Pradesh

## 4.1.4.1 State profile

S. N.	Part	icular	Units	Value	Source		
			1. Demogr	aphic Characteristics			
1.1	Geographical ar	ea (GA)	Mha	30.82	DES (2019)		
1.2	District		No	52			
1.3	Gram panchaya	t	No	22961			
1.4	Villages		No	51527	DES-GoMP (2019)		
1.5	Total population		M	72.62	DES COM1 (2013)		
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	37.61 35.01			
1.6	Livestock population				M	40.6	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	Use Statistics			
2.1	Forest area		Mha	8.7 (28.22 % of GA)			
2.2	Area under non-	agri-cultural uses	Mha	2.26			
2.3	Barren & unculti		Mha	1.35			
2.4	Permanent pasti		Mha	1.31			
2.5	Culturable waste		Mha	0.93	DES (2019)		
2.6			Mha	0.93	. ,		
	Land under misc	•					
2.7	Fallow land other	r than current	Mha	0.46			
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	0.49			
			3. Agricu	Itural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agricultu sector at current		Rs in Lakh	37918868	DES (2020)		
3.2	Total operationa	l holdings	000'	10003	DES (2020)		
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large		
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)		
	4834	2724	1674	706	62		
3.3	Net sown area (N		Mha	15.20	-		
3.4	Gross cropped a	•	Mha	26.10			
3.5	Cropping intens		%	171.71	DES (2019)		
3.6	Rainfed area	,	Mha	3.85(25.3% of NSA)			
3.7	Horticultural cro	no	Mha	2.10	DES (2020)		
3.1	Horticultural Cro	ps			DE3 (2020)		
				er Resources			
4.1	Net irrigated are	a (NIA)	Mha	11.34	DES (2019)		
4.2	Gross irrigated a	area	Mha	12.68			
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources		
	1.91	0.35	4.3	3.4	1.37		
4.3	Intensity of irriga		%	111.81			
4.4	Annual extractal	ole groundwater	BCM	34.47	CGWB (2020)		
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC	CM)	Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)		
		17.43		0.22	1.24		
4.5	Stage of ground	water extraction	%	54.76	CGWB (2020)		
4.6	Area under micr	o-irrigation	Mha	0.57 (5.0 % of NIA)	DES (2020)		
4.7	Assessment units	for groundwater	No	313	CGWB (2020)		
4.7.1	Safe 210 (77 %)	Semi-critical 44 (14 %)	Critical 7 (2 %)	Over-exploited 22 (7 %)	<b>Saline</b> 0 (0%)		
4.8	Annual rainfall (I	Range)	mm	122 (976-1464)	Rakhecha, 2016		
			5. Watershed Develo	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)			
5.1		Treatable area <sup>®</sup> (M		Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)		
U. I		Jatabio area (IVI	,	rroatou area (mila)	10 bo troated area (Mila)		
		17.27		8.02	9.26		



#### 4.1.4.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.4: Rainwater harvesting potential of Madhya Pradesh state

Table 4.4: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Madhya Pradesh

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	МСМ	M ha-m	
507-713	5.3	2367.00	0.24	
713-877	11.13	7285.11	0.73	
877-1037	10.72	6936.94	0.69	
1037-1235	2.06	1434.88	0.14	
1235-1580	1.11	1100.45	0.11	
Total		19124.38	1.91	
Available water for irrigation a	& ground water re	echarge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		5737		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	3.82			
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	13387			



#### **4.2 Western States**

4.2.1	Gujarat
4.2.2	Maharashtra
4.2.3	Rajasthan



Photo 4.11: Check dam at Panchmahal, Gujarat



Photo 4.12: Earthen embakment with drop spillway, Gujarat



Photo 4.13: Gully plug in Maharastra state



Photo 4.14: Gabion structres for black soil in Maharashtra





Photo 4.15: Check dam with sluice gate for flow regualtion, Dahod, Gujarat



Photo 4.16: Farm pond at research farm Vasad, Gujarat



Photo 4.17: Embankment type farm pond with drop structure in Maharashtra



Photo 4.18: Gabion structures for black soil





Photo 4.19: Lift irrigation with check dam at Dahod, Gujarat



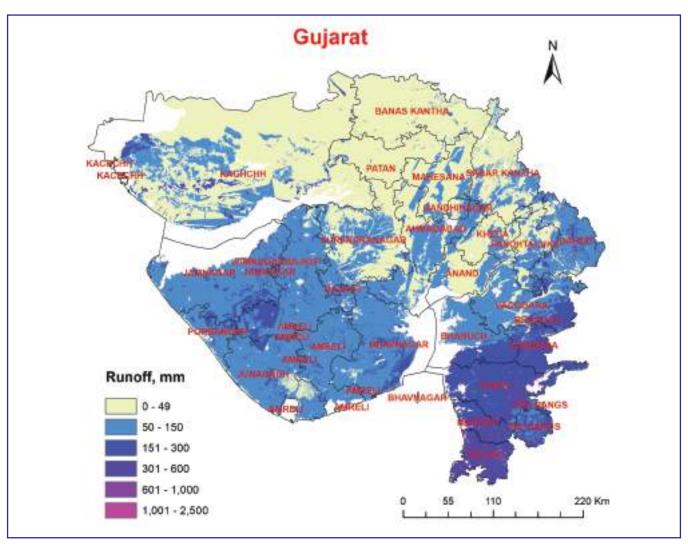
# 4.2.1 Gujarat

# 4.2.1.1 State profile

	•			Value			
			1. Demog	raphic Characteristics			
1.1	Geographical area	a (GA)	Mha	19.60		DES (2019)	
1.2	District		No	33			
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	14288		LGD (2022)	
1.4	Villages		No	19034			
1.5	Total population		M	60.43		DES (2020)	
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	31.49	28.94		
1.6	Livestock populat	ion	M	26.9	)	DAHD (2018)	
			2. Land	l Use Statistics			
2.1	Forest area	orest area Mha 1.834 (9.35% of GA)					
2.2	Area under non-a	gri-cultural uses	Mha	1.17	1		
2.3	Barren & uncultu	rable land	Mha	2.55	2		
2.4	Permanent pastur	es & grazing lands	Mha	0.85	1		
2.5	Culturable wastel	and	Mha	1.96	0	DES (2019)	
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.00	4		
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	0.01	6		
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	0.37	9		
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agricultur	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	142459	950	DES (2020)	
	at current prices					, ,	
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	5321		DES (2020)	
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Mediu		Large	
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.	0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)	
	2019	1616	1150	496		40	
3.3	Net sown area (NS	SA)	Mha	10.302			
3.4	Gross cropped area		Mha	11.429		DES (2019)	
3.5	Cropping intensity		%	110.9			
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	6.07 (58.9 % of NSA)			
3.7	Horticultural crops		Mha	1.846		DES (2020)	
			4. Wa	ter Resources			
4.1	Net irrigated area	(NIA)	Mha	4.23	3	DES (2019)	
4.2	Gross irrigated ar	` '	Mha	5.82		, ,	
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other v	vells	Other sources	
	771	45	1122	218	[	114	
4.3	Intensity of irriga	tion	%	51			
4.4	Annual extractable	le groundwater	BCM	21.25		CGWB (2020)	
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC)	M)	Industry use (BCM)		Domestic use (BCM)	
		12.84		0.11		0.63	
4.5	Stage of groundwater extraction		%	63.89		CGWB (2020)	
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation		Mha	1.52 (35.90 % of NIA)		DES (2020)	
		r groundwater status	No	248		CGWB (2020)	
4.7.1	Safe 194 (78 %)	Semi-critical 11 (4 %)	Critical 5 (2 %)	Over-exp 25 (10		Saline 13 (5 %)	
4.8	Annual rainfall (R	lange)	mm	540-961		DES (2020)	
			5. Watershed Develop	oment (MoRD, DoLR,	2021)		
5.1		Treatable area <sup>@</sup> (M	ha)	Treated are	a (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)	
		18.08		6.88	I	8.2	
		<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds					



#### 4.2.1.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.5: Rainwater harvesting potential of Gujarat state

Table 4.5: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Gujarat

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff			
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m		
268-450	5.52	1488.48	0.15		
450-640	6.34	2418.22	0.24		
640-1004	3.52	2486.68	0.25		
1004-1550	0.78	1079.51	0.11		
1550-2203	0.90	1601.83	0.16		
Total		9074.72	0.91		
Available water for irrigation & ground water recharge					
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	2722				
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	1.81				
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	6352				



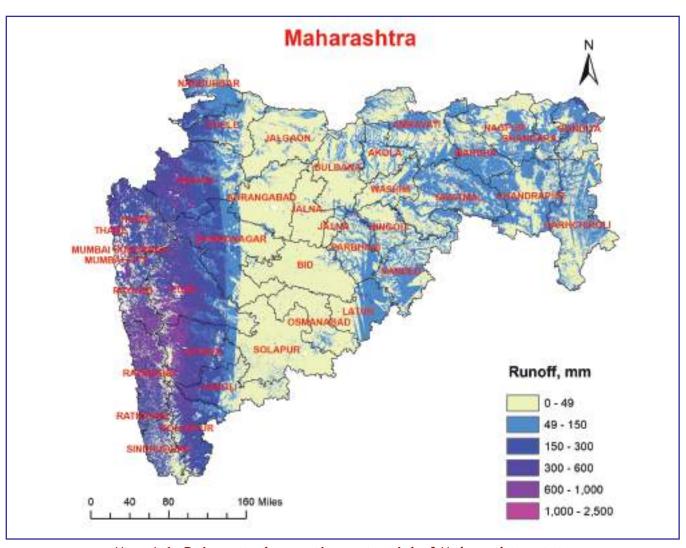
# 4.2.2 Maharashtra

## 4.2.2.1 State profile

S. N.	Particular		Units	Value	Source	
1. Demographic Characteristics						
1.1	Geographical area (GA)		Mha 30.77		DES (2019)	
1.2	District		No	36		
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	27899	LGD (2022)	
1.4	Villages		No	44620		
1.5	Total population		M	112.37	DES (2020)	
1.5.1	Male Female		M	31.4958.24 54.13		
1.6	Livestock populat	tion	M	33.0	DAHD (2018)	
2. Land Use Statistics						
2.1	Forest area		Mha	5.17 (16.81 % of GA)		
2.2	Area under non-a	gri-cultural uses	Mha	1.692		
2.3	Barren & uncultu	rable land	Mha	1.849		
2.4	Permanent pastur	es & grazing lands	Mha	1.323		
2.5	Culturable wastel	and	Mha	0.924	DES (2019)	
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.272		
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	1.260		
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	1.448		
			3. Agricu	iltural Indicators		
3.1	GAV of agricultur	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	18229801	DES (2020)	
	at current prices					
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	15285	DES (2020)	
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large	
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)	
	7816	4339	2327	734	70	
3.3	Net sown area (NSA)		Mha	16.815		
3.4	Gross cropped area		Mha	19.139	DES (2010)	
3.5	Cropping intensity		oping intensity % 113.8		DES (2019)	
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	14.6 (86.9 % of NSA)		
3.7	Horticultural crop	os	Mha	0.947	DES (2020)	
			4. Wa	ter Resources		
4.1	Net irrigated area	et irrigated area (NIA) Mha		3.145	DES (2019)	
4.2	Gross irrigated ar	` '	Mha	4.515	222 (2017)	
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources	
	1047	-	2098	-	-	
4.3	Intensity of irriga	ensity of irrigation % 23.6				
4.4	Annual extractab	le groundwater	BCM	29.90	CGWB (2020)	
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BCM)		Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)	
		1510		0.003	1.22	
4.5	Stage of groundwater extraction		%	54.62	CGWB (2020)	
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation		Mha	1.88 (59.77 % of NIA)	DES (2020)	
4.7		r groundwater status	No	353	CGWB (2020)	
4.7.1	Safe 271 (77 %)	Semi-critical 61 (17 %)	Critical 9 (3 %)	Over-exploited 11 (3 %)	<b>Saline</b> 1 (0 %)	
4.8	Annual rainfall (R	Range)	mm	803-3052	DES (2020)	
			5. Watershed Develop	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)		
5.1		Treatable area <sup>@</sup> (M	ha)	Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)	
		23.93		12.54	11.4	
<sup>®</sup> A rec	<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds					
Area to be treated with watersneds						



#### 4.2.2.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.6: Rainwater harvesting potential of Maharashtra state

Table 4.6: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Maharashtra

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff			
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m		
406-740	11.01	2222.66	0.22		
740-1320	11.16	4426.49	0.44		
1320-2049	1.94	2636.23	0.26		
2049-2765	3.34	5178.08	0.52		
2765-3555	2.34	4435.80	0.44		
Total		18899.25	1.89		
Available water for irrigation & ground water recharge					
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	5670				
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	3.78				
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	13229				



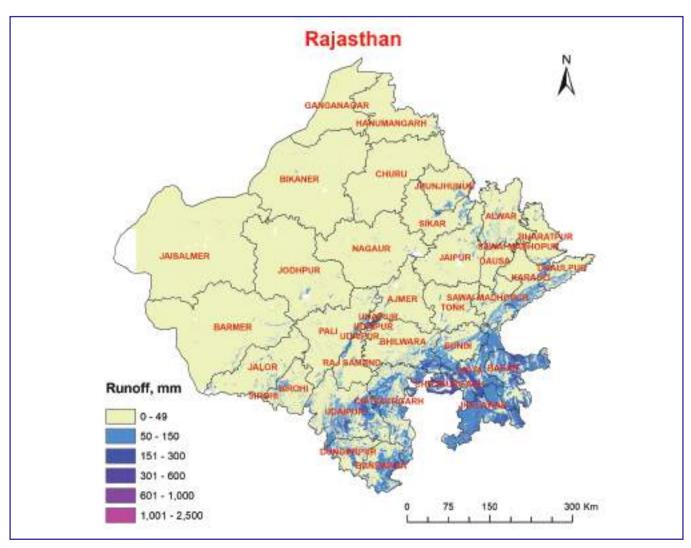
# 4.2.3 Rajasthan

## 4.2.3.1 State profile

1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4			1. Demogr	raphic Characteristics			
1.2 1.3 1.4				apine characteristics			
1.3 1.4		Geographical area (GA)				34.22	DES (2019)
1.4	District		No	33			
	Gram panchayat		No	11341			
	Villages		No	44672	DES-GoR (2020)		
1.5	Total population		M	68.55			
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	35.55 33.00			
1.6	Livestock populat	ion	M	56.78	DAHD (2018)		
			2. Land	l Use Statistics			
2.1	Forest area		Mha	2.76 (% of GA)			
2.2	Area under non-agri-cultural uses		Mha	1.99			
2.3	Barren & uncultu	rable land	Mha	2.38			
2.4	Permanent pastur	es & grazing lands	Mha	1.67			
2.5	Culturable wastela	and	Mha	3.78	DES (2019)		
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.03			
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	2.11			
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	1.79			
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agricultur	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	26771824	DES (2020)		
0.1	at current prices	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	140 m 24m	20,,,202	223 (2020)		
3.2	Total operational l	holdings	000'	7655	DES (2020)		
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large		
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)		
	3071	1677	1416	1131	359		
3.3	Net sown area (NS	5A)	Mha	17.78			
3.4	Gross cropped are	a	Mha	25.31	DDG (2010)		
3.5	Cropping intensity	у	%	142.4	DES (2019)		
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	9.50 (53.4 % of NSA)			
3.7	Horticultural crop	os	Mha	1.55	DES (2020)		
			4. Wa	ter Resources			
4.1	Net irrigated area	(NIA)	Mha	8.28	DES (2019)		
4.2	Gross irrigated area	` ′	Mha	11.02	DES (2017)		
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources		
1	2.02	0.03	4.03	2.03	0.16		
4.3	Intensity of irrigat		%	133.1	3.10		
4.4	Annual extractabl		ВСМ	11.99	CGWB (2020)		
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC)		Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)		
		14.85		<b>-</b>	1.92		
4.5	Stage of groundwa	nter extraction	%	139.9	CGWB (2020)		
4.6	Area under micro-	-irrigation	Mha	1.95 (23.6 % of NIA)	DES (2020)		
4.7	Assessment units for groundwater status		No	295	CGWB (2020)		
4.7.1	Safe	Semi-critical	Critical	Over-exploited	Saline		
	45 (15 %)	29 (10 %)	33 (11 %)	185 (63 %)	3 (1 %)		
4.8	Annual rainfall (R	ange)	mm	575 (185-950)	DES-GoR (2020)		
			5. Watershed Develop	oment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)			
5.1		Treatable area@ (M	ha)	Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)		
		24.55		12.45	12.10		
	a to be treated with						



#### 4.2.3.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.7: Rainwater harvesting potential of Rajasthan state

Table 4.7: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Rajasthan

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
129-229	10.02	359.00	0.04	
229-363	7.79	193.32	0.02	
363-509	7.10	537.61	0.05	
509-666	4.66	863.59	0.09	
666-857	3.60	1504.40	0.15	
Total		3457.92	0.35	
Available water for irrigation of	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		1037		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)		0.69		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)		2421		



#### 4.3 Eastern States

4.3.1	Bihar
4.3.2	Odisha
4.3.3	West Bengal



Photo 4.20: Water harvesting pond -dugout in Nawada District of Bihar



Photo 4.21: Farm pond in Koraput District of Odisha



Photo 4.22: Check dam in Southern Odisha



Photo 4.23: Embankment type pond in Bihar







Photo 4.24: Farm pond in Bihar



Photo 4.25: Check dam in Southern part of Odisha



Photo 4.26: Farm pond at village Kusuma, Udawantanagar, Bhojpur, Bihar



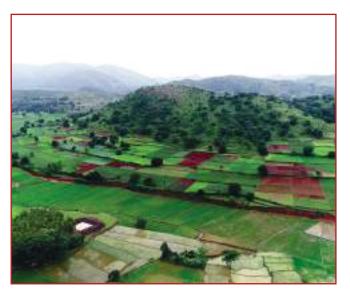


Photo 4.27: Stepped farm pond in Koraput District of Odisha



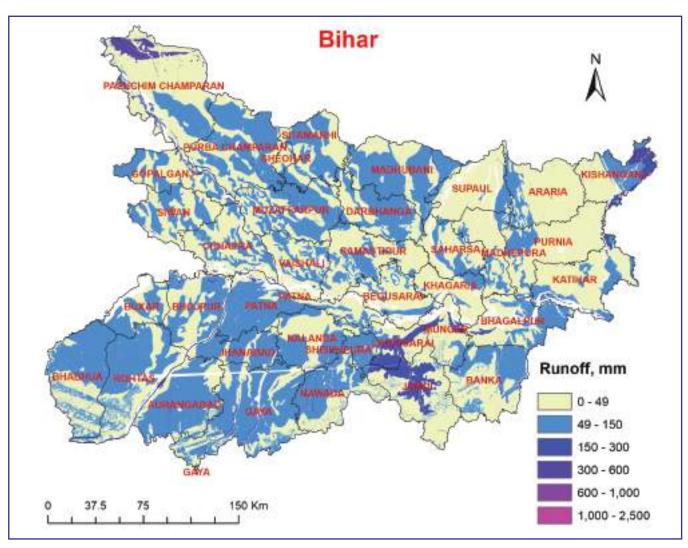
## 4.3.1 Bihar

## 4.3.1.1 State profile

S. N.	Part	icular	Units	Value	Source
			1. Demogr	aphic Characteristics	
1.1	Geographical area	ı (GA)	Mha	9.42	DES (2019)
1.2	District		No	38	
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	8386	
1.4	Villages		No	18521	DES-GoBH, 2019
1.5	Total population		M	104.10	DES-G0DII, 2017
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	54.28 49.82	
1.6	Livestock population		M	36.45	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	Use Statistics	
2.1	Forest area		Mha	0.62 (6.6% of GA)	
2.2	Area under non-ag	zri-cultural uses	Mha	1.72	
2.3	Barren & uncultur	-	Mha	0.43	
2.4		es & grazing lands	Mha	0.01	
2.5	Culturable wastela	0 0	Mha	0.04	DES (2019)
2.6	Land under misc.		Mha	0.25	
2.7	Fallow land other	•	Mha	0.12	
	Current fallow	than current		0.99	
2.8	Current fallow		Mha		
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators	
3.1	GAV of agriculture at current prices	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	7399351	DES (2020)
3.2	Total operational l	noldings	000'	16413	DES (2020)
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)
	14971	944	414	81	3
3.3	Net sown area (NS	A)	Mha	5.17	
3.4	Gross cropped are	a	Mha	7.41	
3.5	Cropping intensity	7	%	143.34	DES (2019)
3.6	Rainfed area	Rainfed area		2.05 (39.7% of NSA)	
3.7	Horticultural crop	s	Mha	1.18	DES (2020)
			4. Wat	er Resources	
4.1	Not invigated area	(NIA)	Mha	3.11	DES (2019)
4.1	Net irrigated area			5.49	DES (2019)
4.2	Gross irrigated are		Mha		Oth ou courses
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources
4.2	0.97	0.06	1.96	0.02	0.11
4.3	Intensity of irrigat		% DCM	176.3 28.99	CCWD (2020)
4.4	Annual extractable	Ü	BCM		CGWB (2020)  Domestic use (BCM)
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BCN	VI)	Industry use (BCM)	` ′
4.5	Store of	10.78	0/	0.66	1.83
4.5	Stage of groundwa		% Mba	45.76	CGWB (2020)
1.	Area under micro-irrigation  Assessment units for groundwater status		Mha	0.12 (3.9 % of NIA)	DES (2020)
4.6	A receement unite for	groundwater status Semi-critical	No Critical	534	CGWB (2020)
4.7		Senn-crinical	Critical	Over-exploited	Saline
	Safe 432 (81%)	72 (13%)	18 (3%)	12 (2 %)	0 (0%)
4.7	Safe	72 (13%)	18 (3%) mm	12 (2 %)	DES-GoBH (2016)
4.7 4.7.1	Safe 432 (81%)	72 (13%)	mm		
4.7 4.7.1	Safe 432 (81%)	72 (13%)	mm 5. Watershed Develop	1208 (2116-840)	



#### 4.3.1.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.8: Rainwater harvesting potential of Bihar state

Table 4.8: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Bihar

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
769-892	3.21	971.34	0.10	
892-1042	2.65	1035.27	0.10	
1042-1225	2.57	811.53	0.08	
1225-1536	0.34	58.02	0.01	
1536-2136	0.12	81.73	0.01	
Total		2957.89	0.30	
Available water for irrigation &	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		887		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)		0.59		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)		2071		



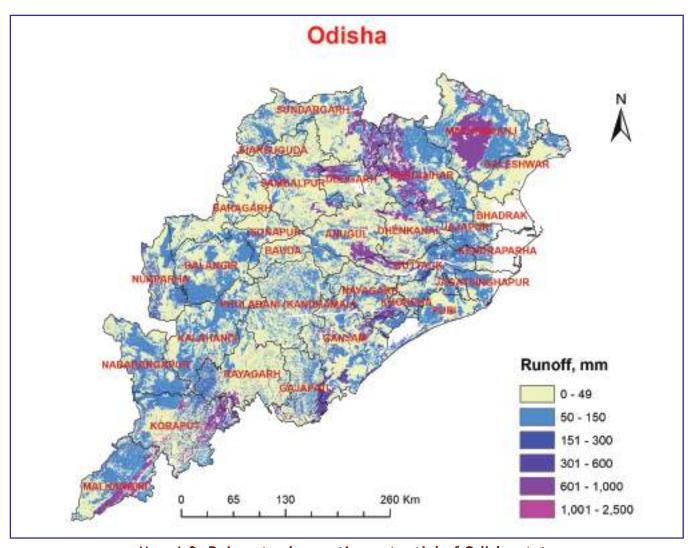
## **4.3.2** Odisha

## 4.3.2.1 State profile

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source
			1. Demog	raphic Characteristics	
1.1	Geographical are	a (GA)	Mha	15.57	DES (2019)
1.2	District		No	30	
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	6798	
1.4	Villages		No	47677	DES-GoO (2021)
1.5	Total population		M	41.97	· · ·
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	21.21 20.76	
1.6	Livestock population		M	18.14	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	1 Use Statistics	
2.1	Forest area		Mha 5.81 (37.32 % of GA)		
2.2	Area under non-a	gri-cultural uses	Mha	1.40	
2.3	Barren & uncultu	rable land	Mha	1.02	
2.4	Permanent pastur	res & grazing lands	Mha	0.52	
2.5	Culturable wastel	and	Mha	0.59	DES (2019)
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.25	
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	0.74	
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	1.09	
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators	
3.1	GAV of agricultur	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	9484561	DES (2020)
	at current prices				
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	4866	DES (2020)
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)
	3637	887	287	51	4
3.3	Net sown area (N	SA)	Mha	4.01	
3.4	Gross cropped are	ea	Mha	4.53	DEG (2020)
3.5	Cropping intensity		%	113	DES (2020)
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	2.91 (73% of NSA)	
3.7	Horticultural croj	ps	Mha	1.32	DES (2020)
			4. Wa	ter Resources	
4.1	Net irrigated area	(NIA)	Mha	1.09	DES (2019)
4.2	Gross irrigated ar	` '	Mha	1.31	DES (2015)
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources
	- Cumi	_	-	-	1.09
4.3	Intensity of irriga	tion	%	120.34	-
4.4	Annual extractab		ВСМ	28.99	CGWB, 2019-20
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC)	M)	Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)
		5.28		0.14	1.15
4.5	Stage of groundw	ater extraction	%	42.18	CGWB, 2019-20
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation		Mha	0.31 (28.4 % of NIA)	DES (2020)
4.7	Assessment units for groundwater status		No	314	CGWB (2020)
4.7.1	<b>Safe</b> 303 (96%)	Semi-critical 5 (2%)	Critical 0	Over-exploited 0	<b>Saline</b> 6 (2%)
4.8	Annual rainfall (F	Range)	mm	1451 (1286-1668)	GoO (2019)
			5. Watershed Develop	oment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)	
5.1		Treatable area <sup>@</sup> (MI		Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)
		5.27	,	4.50	0.77
@ A	to be tweeted with			7.00	0.77
<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds					



#### 4.3.2.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.9: Rainwater harvesting potential of Odisha state

Table 4.9: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Odisha

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
853-979	2.78	1460.33	0.15	
979-1072	4.15	1516.57	0.15	
1072-1171	4.50	1889.74	0.19	
1171-1292	2.29	2304.36	0.23	
1292-1512	0.91	952.62	0.10	
Total		8123.61	0.81	
Available water for irrigation of	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		2437		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)		1.62		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)		5687		



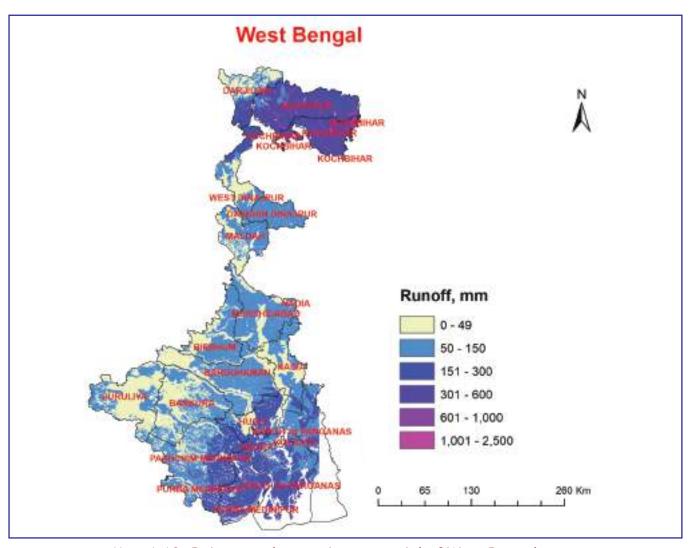
# 4.3.3 West Bengal

## 4.2.3.1 State profile

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source	
			1. Demog	raphic Characteristics		
1.1	Geographical are	a (GA)	Mha	8.88	DES (2019)	
1.2	District		No	23		
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	3347		
1.4	Villages		No	40218	GoWB (2015)	
1.5	Total population		M	91.28		
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	46.81 44.47		
1.6	Livestock population		M	37.43	DAHD (2018)	
				l Use Statistics		
2.1	Forest area		Mha	1.18 (13.3 % of GA)		
2.2	Area under non-a	0	Mha	1.88		
2.3	Barren & uncultu		Mha	0.01		
2.4	-	res & grazing lands	Mha	0.002	DEC (2010)	
2.5	Culturable wastel	land	Mha	0.01	DES (2019)	
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.05		
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	0.01		
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	0.30		
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators		
3.1	GAV of agriculturat current prices	re and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	27426217	DES (2020)	
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	7243	DES (2020)	
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large	
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)	
	5998	971	256	18	1	
3.3	Net sown area (NS	SA)	Mha	5.25		
3.4	Gross cropped are	ea	Mha	9.96	DEC (2010)	
3.5	Cropping intensity % 189.8		DES (2019)			
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	2.14 (40.8 % of NSA)		
3.7	Horticultural crop	ps	Mha	1.97	DES (2020)	
			4. Wa	ter Resources		
4.1	Net irrigated area	ı (NIA)	Mha	3.11	DES (2019)	
4.2	Gross irrigated an		Mha	6.53	, ,	
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources	
	-	-	-	-	3.11	
4.3	Intensity of irriga	tion	%	210.0	-	
4.4	Annual extractab	le groundwater	BCM	26.56	CGWB (2020)	
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC)	M)	Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)	
		10.84		NA	1.00	
4.5	Stage of groundw	ater extraction	%	44.60	CGWB (2020)	
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation		Mha	0.09 (2.9 % of NIA)	DES (2020)	
4.7		Assessment units for groundwater status		268	CGWB (2020)	
4.7.1	Safe 191 (71%)	Semi-critical 76 (28%)	<b>Critical</b> 1 (0.52%)	Over-exploited 0	Saline 0	
4.8	Annual rainfall (F	Range)	mm	1698 (1068-3411)	GoWB (2015)	
				pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)		
5.1		Treatable area <sup>@</sup> (M	ha)	Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)	
		6.37		1.06	5.31	
<sup>®</sup> Area	<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds					



#### 4.3.3.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.10: Rainwater harvesting potential of West Bengal state

Table 4.10: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of West Bengal

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
1034-1303	4.6	1852.88	0.19	
1303-1808	1.49	1360.33	0.14	
1808-2370	0.25	256.92	0.03	
2370-2737	0.41	745.01	0.07	
2737-3112	0.65	1771.41	0.18	
Total		5986.56	0.6	
Available water for irrigation of	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)		1796		
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)		1.2		
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)		4191		



#### 4.4 Southern States

4.4.1	Tamil Nadu
4.4.2	Kerala
4.4.3	Karnataka
4.4.4	Andhra Pradesh
4.4.5	Telangana



Photo 4.28: Farm pond with dry stone lining in Tamilnadu



Photo 4.29: Traditional water harvesting pond in Kerala



Photo 4.30: Open dug well in Karnataka



Photo 4.31: Traditional water harvesting in Telangana





Photo 4.32: Check dam with downstream apron, Raipalli, Bidar Karnataka



Photo 4.33: Water harvesting pond, Kerala



Photo 4.34: Dugout pond - field level water harvesting, Andhra Pradesh



Photo 4.35: Surungam traditional water harvesting system, Kerala



Photo 4.36: Poly lined farm pond, Telengana



Photo 4.37: Collection well for sub surface water harvesting, Tamil Nadu



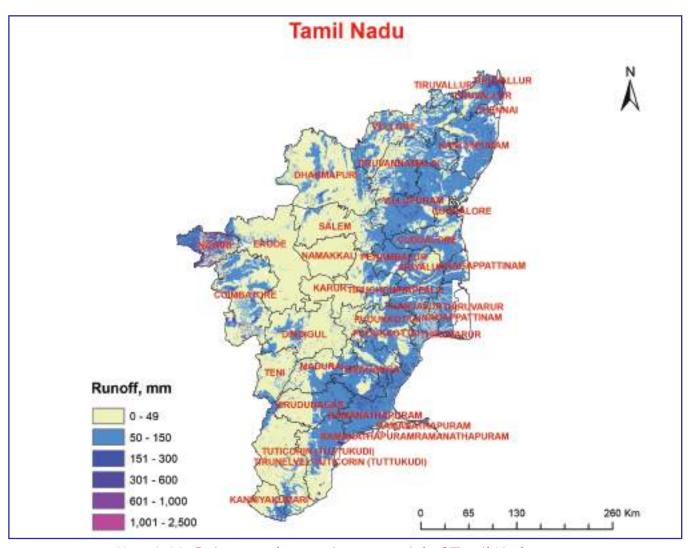
# 4.4.1 Tamil Nadu

## 4.4.1.1 State profile

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source
			1. Demog	raphic Characteristics	
1.1	Geographical are	a (GA)	Mha	13.01	DES (2019)
1.2	District		No	38	
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	12618	
1.4	Villages		No	17680	GoTN (2022)
1.5	Total population		M	72.15	3011 (2022)
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	36.14 36.01	
1.6	Livestock populat	tion	M	24.45	DAHD (2018)
			2. Land	l Use Statistics	
2.1	Forest area		Mha	2.16	
2.2	Area under non-agri-cultural uses		Mha	2.20	
2.3	Barren & uncultu	rable land	Mha	0.46	
2.4	Permanent pastur	es & grazing lands	Mha	0.11	
2.5	Culturable wastel	and	Mha	0.32	DES (2019)
2.6	Land under misc. tree crops		Mha	0.23	
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	1.93	
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	1.05	
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators	
3.1	GAV of agricultur	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	23057017	DES (2020)
3.1	at current prices	e and amed sector	K3 III Lakii	23037017	DES (2020)
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	7938	DES (2020)
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)
	6224	1119	452	128	15
3.3	Net sown area (NS	SA)	Mha	4.56	
3.4	Gross cropped are	ea	Mha	5.67	772 (2010)
3.5	Cropping intensit	y	%	123.8	DES (2019)
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	2.02 (44.3% of NSA)	
3.7	Horticultural crop	os	Mha	1.42	DES (2020)
			4. Wa	ter Resources	
4.1	Net irrigated area	(NIA)	Mha	2.57	DES (2019)
4.2	Gross irrigated area	` ′	Mha	3.18	DE3 (2019)
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells	Other sources
	0.64	0.32	0.52	1.09	0.01
4.3	Intensity of irriga		%	123.74	
4.4	Annual extractable		ВСМ	18.20	CGWB (2020)
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BCI		Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)
		13.06	,	0	1.67
4.5	Stage of groundwa	ater extraction	%	80.94	CGWB (2020)
4.6	Area under micro	-irrigation	Mha	0.94 (36.58 % of NIA)	DES (2020)
4.7	Assessment units fo	r groundwater status	No	1166	CGWB (2020)
4.7.1	Safe	Semi-critical	Critical	Over-exploited	Saline
	427 (37%)	163 (14%)	79 (7%)	462 (40 %)	35 (3%)
4.8	Annual rainfall (R	Range)	mm	978 (714-936)	SCR 2019-20
			5. Watershed Develop	oment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)	
5.1		Treatable area <sup>®</sup> (Ml	ha)	Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)
		6.40		3.65	2.75
		watersheds			



#### 4.4.1.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.11: Rainwater harvesting potential of Tamil Nadu state

Table 4.11: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Tamil Nadu

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha <sup>-m</sup>	
516-792	5.44	1314.10	0.13	
792-1019	5.33	1985.79	0.20	
1019-1288	0.75	205.31	0.02	
1288-1622	0.42	161.23	0.02	
1622-2323	0.30	172.96	0.02	
Total		3839.38	0.38	
Available water for irri	gation & ground wate	er recharge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	1152			
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	0.77			
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	2688			



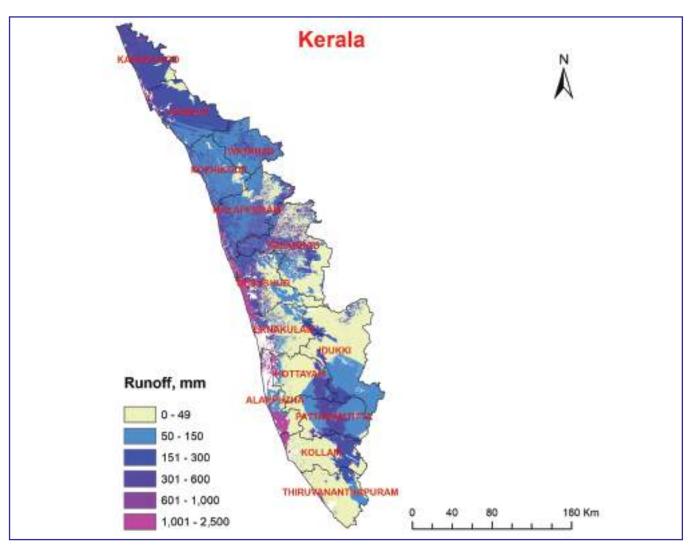
## **4.4.2** Kerala

## 4.2.2.1 State profile

S. N.	. Particular		Particular Units Value		Source		
			1. Demog	raphic Characteristics			
1.1	Geographical area (GA)		Mha	3.89	DES (2019)		
1.2	District		No	14			
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	941			
1.4	Villages		No 1670		DoO-GoKL (2022)		
1.5	Total population		M	33.41			
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	16.03 17.38			
1.6	Livestock populati	on	M	2.90	DAHD (2018)		
	2. Land Use Statistics						
2.1	Forest area		Mha	1.08			
2.2	Area under non-ag	ri-cultural uses	Mha	0.56			
2.3	Barren & uncultur	able land	Mha	0.01			
2.4	Permanent pasture	es & grazing lands	Mha	-			
2.5	Culturable wastela	0 0	Mha	0.10	DES (2019)		
2.6	Land under misc. t		Mha	-			
2.7	Fallow land other t		Mha	0.05			
2.8	Current fallow	nun current	Mha	0.06			
2.0	Current lanow						
				iltural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agriculture at current prices	and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	NA	DES (2020)		
3.2	Total operational h	oldings	000'	7583	DES (2020)		
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium	Large		
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)		
	7333	181	56	11	2		
3.3	Net sown area (NSA)		Mha	2.03			
3.4	Gross cropped area		Mha	2.57			
3.5	Cropping intensity		%	126.4	DES (2019)		
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	1.63 (80.30% of NSA)			
3.7	Horticultural crops	S	Mha	1.60	DES (2020)		
			4 Wa	ter Resources	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
4.1	Not irrigated area	(NII A.)	Mha	0.41	DES (2010)		
4.1	Net irrigated area ( Gross irrigated are		Mha	0.52	DES (2019)		
	Ü				Other sources		
4.2.1	Canal 0.08	Tanks 0.05	Tube-wells 0.04	Other wells 0.12	0.11		
4.3	Intensity of irrigati		%	126.82	0.11		
4.4	Annual extractable		BCM	5.21	CGWB (2020)		
4.4.1	Annual extractable	Irrigation use (BC)		Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)		
7.7.1		1.22	<b>v1</b> )	0.01	1.44		
4.5	Stoge of groundwe		%	51.27	CGWB (2020)		
4.6	Stage of groundwater extraction		Mha	0.03 (7.32 % of NIA)	DES (2020)		
4.7	Area under micro-irrigation  Assessment units for groundwater status		No	0.03 (7.32 % 01 N1A) 152	CGWB (2020)		
4.7.1	Safe	Semi-critical	No Critical	Over-exploited	Saline		
4./.1	119 (78%)	30 (20%)	2 (1%)	1 (1 %)	0 (0%)		
4.8	Annual rainfall (Ra	, ,	mm	3000 (1971-3519)	Website source		
			5. Watershed Develop	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)			
5.1		Treatable area <sup>®</sup> (Ml		Treated area (Mha)	To be treated area (Mha)		
			•	` '			
		2.05		1.46	0.58		



#### 4.4.2.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.12: Rainwater harvesting potential of Kerala state

Table 4.12: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Kerala

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
601-1152	0.61	566.93	0.06	
1152-1727	0.90	502.65	0.05	
1727-2338	0.86	698.12	0.07	
2338-2972	0.66	890.97	0.09	
2972-3655	0.61	832.15	0.08	
Total		3490.83	0.35	
Available water for irrigation	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	1047			
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	0.7			
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	2444			



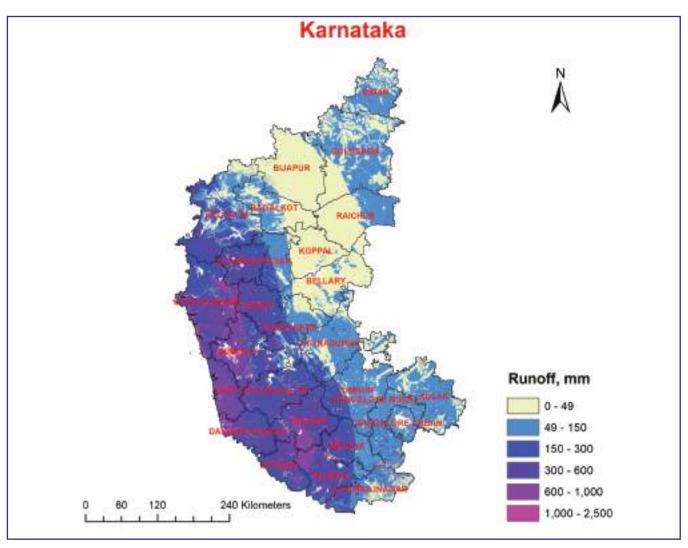
# 4.4.3 Karnataka

## 4.4.3.1 State profile

S. N.	V. Particular		Units Value		Source		
			1. Demogra	raphic Characteristics			
1.1	Geographical area (GA)		Mha	19.18		DES (2019)	
1.2	District		No	31			
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	6010			
1.4	Villages		No	29340		PPMSD-GoK (2021)	
1.5	Total population		M	61.10		· · ·	
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	30.97	30.13		
1.6	Livestock populat	tion	M	29		DAHD (2018)	
			2. Land	d Use Statistics			
2.1	Forest area		Mha	3.07 (16% of	GA)		
2.2	Area under non-a	gri-cultural uses	Mha	1.50			
2.3	Barren & uncultu	rable land	Mha	0.77			
2.4	Permanent pastur	es & grazing lands	Mha	0.87			
2.5	Culturable wastel	and	Mha	0.40		DES (2019)	
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.25			
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	0.57			
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	0.94			
			3. Agricu	iltural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agricultur	e and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	19655955	;	DES (2020)	
	at current prices					, ,	
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	8680.74		DES (2020)	
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium		Large	
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 h	a)	(10.0 ha and >)	
	4767.13	2213.73	1192.72	451.44		55.70	
3.3	Net sown area (NSA)		Mha	10.66		DEC (2010)	
3.4	Gross cropped area		Mha	13.55			
3.5	Cropping intensity	y	%	127		DES (2019)	
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	6.63 (62.2% of NSA)			
3.7	Horticultural crop	os	Mha	2.36		DES (2020)	
			4. Wa	ter Resources			
4.1	Net irrigated area	(NIA)	Mha	4.03		DES (2019)	
4.2	Gross irrigated ar		Mha	4.74		DES (2017)	
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wel	ls	Other sources	
	1.19	0.13	1.81	0.32		0.56	
4.3	Intensity of irriga		%	117.6			
4.4	Annual extractabl		BCM	14.79		CGWB (2020)	
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BCI	M)	Industry use (1	ВСМ)	Domestic use (BCM)	
		9.39		-		0.95	
4.5	Stage of groundwa	ater extraction	%	69.87		CGWB (2020)	
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation		Mha	1.77 (43.9 % of NIA)		DES (2020)	
4.7	Assessment units for groundwater status		No	176		CGWB (2020)	
4.7.1	<b>Safe</b> 97 (55%)	Semi-critical 26 (15%)	Critical 8 (5%)	Over-exploi 45 (26%)		<b>Saline</b> 0 (0%)	
4.8	Annual rainfall (Range)		mm	1248 (562-41	19)	PPMSD (2021)	
			5. Watershed Develor	pment (MoRD, DoLR, 20	21)		
5.1		Treatable area <sup>®</sup> (MI		Treated area (		To be treated area (Mha)	
		12.97	/	7.85		5.12	
@ .							
<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds							



#### 4.4.3.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.13: Rainwater harvesting potential of Karnataka state

Table 4.13: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the of Karnataka

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff					
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m				
464-1010	9.78	3040.53	0.30				
1010-1781	2.32	2125.32	0.21				
1781-2617	1.98	3548.06	0.35				
2617-3485	1.80	4427.82	0.44				
3485-4561	2.61	7782.53	0.78				
Total		20924.26	2.09				
Available water for irrigation & ground water recharge							
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	6277						
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	4.18						
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	14647						



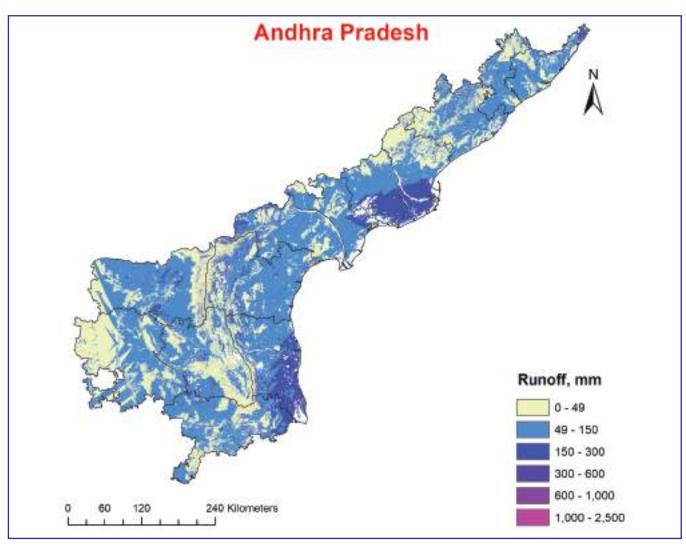
# 4.4.4 Andhra Pradesh

## 4.4.4.1 State profile

	S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value	Source	
1.2   District   No   13   13   13   13   14   14   14   14	1. Demographic Characteristics						
1.3         Gram panehayat         No         1746 + Villages         No         1746 + Villages         DES-GoAP (2020)           1.5         Total population         M         49 - S + S         DADD (2018)           1.5.1         Maic         Female         M         24.83         24.74           1.6         L'evistock population         M         24.83         24.74           2.1         Forest area         Mha         3.69 (22.7% of GA)         Assemble value and the more prison of GA           2.2         Area under non-prisolated         Mha         1.34         Assemble value and the more prison of GA           2.3         Barrea for unculturable land         Mha         0.41         DES (2019)           2.4         Permanent pastures & grazing lands         Mha         0.16         DES (2019)           2.5         Culturable wasticure crops         Mha         0.16         DES (2019)           2.8         Curtent fallow         Mha         0.16         DES (2019)           2.8         Culturable wasticure crops         Mha         0.16         DES (2019)           3.1         GAV of agriculture and allied sector at current prices         RS in Lakh         3.0940127         DES (2029)           3.2         Total	1.1	Geographical area (GA)		Mha	16.29	DES (2019)	
1.4	1.2	District		No	13		
1.5.         Total population         M         49.58         DES-Cook (as.9)           1.5.1         Male         Female         M         24.83         24.74           1.6.         Livestock population         M         34         DAHD (2018)           2. Land Use Statistics           2. Land Use Statistics           2.1.         Forest area         Mha         3.69 (22.7% of GA)         As a conden on a condend on a condend of the c	1.3	Gram panchayat	Gram panchayat		13385		
1.5.   Total population	1.4	Villages		No	17464	DES-GoAP (2020)	
1.6   Livestock population	1.5	Total population		M	49.58	, ,	
	1.5.1	Male Female		M	24.83 24.74		
2.1   Forest area   Mha   3.69 (22.7% of GA)	1.6	Livestock popula	tion	M	34	DAHD (2018)	
2.2   Area under non-agri-cultural uses				2. Land	I Use Statistics		
2.3   Barren & unculturable land   Mha   1.34	2.1	Forest area		Mha	3.69 (22.7% of GA)		
2.4   Permanent pastures & grazing lands   Mha   0.20	2.2	Area under non-agri-cultural uses		Mha	2.05		
2.5         Culturable wasteland         Mha         0.41         DES (2019)           2.6         Land under misc, tree crops         Mha         0.16           2.7         Fallow land other than current         Mha         0.93           2.8         Current fallow         Mha         1.45           3. Quarter of the current prices           3.1         GAV of agriculture and allied sector at current prices         Rs in Lakh         30940127         DES (2020)           3.2.1         Marginal poperational holdings         000°         8523.91         DES (2020)           3.2.1         Marginal (-(-1 ha) (1.0-2.0 ha) (2.0-4.0 ha) (4.0-10.0 ha)         Large (10.0 ha and >)           5904.04         1646.25         769.84         189.03         14.75           3.3         Net sown area (NSA)         Mha         6.04         4.0.4           3.4         Gross cropped area         Mha         7.29         DES (2019)           3.5         Cropping intensity         %         121         DES (2019)           4. Water Resources           4.1         Net irrigated area (NIA)         Mha         3.25 (53.8% of NSA)         DES (2019)           4.2         Cross irrigated area (MIA)         Mha         3.63 <td>2.3</td> <td>Barren &amp; uncultu</td> <td>ırable land</td> <td>Mha</td> <td>1.34</td> <td></td>	2.3	Barren & uncultu	ırable land	Mha	1.34		
Care   Communication   Commu	2.4	Permanent pastur	res & grazing lands	Mha	0.20		
2.7   Fallow land other than current   Mhn   1.45	2.5	Culturable wastel	land	Mha	0.41	DES (2019)	
Second Color	2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.16		
S. Agricultural Indicators   S. Agricultural Indicators	2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	0.93		
3.1   GAV of agriculture and allied sector at current prices   Rs in Lakh   30940127   DES (2020)     3.2   Total operational holdings   000°   8523.91   DES (2020)     3.2.1   Marginal   Small   (C.0-4.0 ha)   (2.0-4.0 ha)   (4.0-10.0 ha)   (10.0 ha and >)     5904.04   1646.25   769.84   189.03   14.75     3.3   Net sown area (NSA)   Mha   6.04     3.4   Gross cropped area   Mha   7.29   DES (2019)     3.5   Cropping intensity   %   121     3.6   Rainfed area   Mha   3.25 (53.8% of NSA)     3.7   Horticultural crops   Mha   2.79   DES (2020)     4.1   Net irrigated area   Mha   3.63     4.2.1   Canal   Tanks   Tube-wells   Other wells   Other sources     4.2.1   Canal   Tanks   Tube-wells   Other wells   Other sources     4.3   Intensity of irrigation   %   130   CGWB (2020)     4.4   Annual extractable groundwater   BCM   20.15   CGWB (2020)     4.4   Annual extractable groundwater   BCM   20.15   CGWB (2020)     4.5   Stage of groundwater extraction   %   44.15   CGWB (2020)     4.6   Area under micro-irrigation   Mha   1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)   DES (2020)     4.7   Assessment units for groundwater status   No   670   CGWB (2020)     4.8   Annual rainfall (Range)   mm   966 (552-1217)   DES-GoAP (2020)     5.1   Treatable area* (Mha)   Treated area (Mha)   To be treated area (Mha)	2.8	Current fallow		Mha	1.45		
Semi-Medium   Medium   Medi				3. Agricu	ltural Indicators		
Section   Sec	3.1	GAV of agricultur	re and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	30940127	DES (2020)	
3.2.1   Marginal (<1 ha)   (1.0-2.0 ha)   (2.0-4.0 ha)   (4.0-10.0 ha)   (10.0 ha and >)     5904.04   1646.25   769.84   189.03   14.75     3.3   Net sown area (NSA)   Mha   6.04     3.4   Gross cropped area   Mha   7.29   DES (2019)     3.5   Cropping intensity   %   121   DES (2019)     3.6   Rainfed area   Mha   3.25 (53.8% of NSA)     3.7   Horticultural crops   Mha   1.52   DES (2020)     4.1   Net irrigated area (NIA)   Mha   2.79   DES (2019)     4.2   Gross irrigated area   Mha   3.63     4.2.1   Canal   Tanks   Tube-wells   Other wells   Other sources     4.3   Intensity of irrigation   %   130   CGWB (2020)     4.4   Annual extractable groundwater   BCM   20.15   CGWB (2020)     4.4.1   Irrigation use (BCM)   Industry use (BCM)   Domestic use (BCM)     4.5   Stage of groundwater extraction   %   44.15   CGWB (2020)     4.6   Area under micro-irrigation   Mha   1.99 (68.1 % of NIA)   DES (2020)     4.7.1   Safe   Semi-critical   Critical   Over-exploited   Saline     501 (75%)   60 (8%)   24 (4%)   45 (7%)   40 (6%)     4.8   Annual rainfall (Range)   mm   966 (552-1217)   DES-GoAP (2020)     5.1   Treatable area* (Mha)   Treated area (Mha)   To be treated area (Mha)							
(<1 ha)         (1.0-2.0 ha)         (2.0-4.0 ha)         (4.0-10.0 ha)         (10.0 ha and >)           5904.04         1646.25         769.84         189.03         14.75           3.3         Net sown area (NSA)         Mha         6.04           3.4         Gross cropped area         Mha         7.29           3.5         Cropping intensity         %         121           3.6         Rainfed area         Mha         3.25 (53.8% of NSA)           3.7         Horticultural crops         Mha         1.52         DES (2020)           **A Water Resources**           4.1         Net irrigated area (NIA)         Mha         2.79         DES (2019)           4.2         Gross irrigated area         Mha         3.63         Other sources           4.2.1         Canal         Tanks         Tube-wells         Other wells         Other sources           4.2.1         Canal         Tanks         Tube-wells         Other wells         Other sources           4.2.1         Canal         Tanks         Tube-wells         Other wells         Other sources           4.2.1         Lindensity of irrigation         %         130         CGWB (2020)           4.4         Annual	3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	8523.91	DES (2020)	
South   1646.25   769.84   189.03   14.75	3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium		
3.3         Net sown area (NSA)         Mha         6.04           3.4         Gross cropped area         Mha         7.29           3.5         Cropping intensity         %         121           3.6         Rainfed area         Mha         3.25 (53.8% of NSA)           3.7         Horticultural crops         Mha         1.52         DES (2020)           4. Water Resources           4.1         Net irrigated area (NIA)         Mha         2.79         DES (2019)           4.2         Gross irrigated area         Mha         3.63           4.2.1         Canal         Tanks         Tube-wells         Other wells         Other sources           1.30         0.23         1.10         0.04         0.11         0.11           4.3         Intensity of irrigation         %         130         CGWB (2020)           4.4.1         Irrigation use (BCM)         10.11         0.90         CGWB (2020)           4.4.1         Irrigation use (BCM)         Industry use (BCM)         Domestic use (BCM)           4.5         Stage of groundwater extraction         %         44.15         CGWB (2020)           4.6         Area under micro-irrigation         Mha         1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)		(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)	(10.0 ha and >)	
Mha         7.29           3.5         Cropping intensity         %         121           3.6         Rainfed area         Mha         3.25 (53.8% of NSA)           3.7         Horticultural crops         Mha         1.52         DES (2020)           4. Water Resources           4.1         Net irrigated area (NIA)         Mha         2.79         DES (2019)           4.2         Gross irrigated area         Mha         3.63           4.2.1         Canal         Tanks         Tube-wells         Other wells         Other sources           1.30         0.23         1.10         0.04         0.11           4.3         Intensity of irrigation         %         130         CGWB (2020)           4.4         Annual extractable groundwater         BCM         20.15         CGWB (2020)           4.4.1         Irrigation use (BCM)         Industry use (BCM)         Domestic use (BCM)           4.5         Stage of groundwater extraction         %         44.15         CGWB (2020)           4.6         Area under micro-irrigation         Mha         1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)         DES (2020)           4.7.1         Safe         Semi-critical         Critical         Over-exploite		5904.04 1646.25		769.84	189.03	14.75	
3.5   Cropping intensity   9%   121   3.6   Rainfed area   Mha   3.25 (53.8% of NSA)   3.7   Horticultural crops   Mha   1.52   DES (2020)	3.3	Net sown area (NSA)		Mha	6.04		
3.5   Cropping intensity	3.4	Gross cropped area		Mha 7.29		DES (2010)	
Net irrigated area (NIA)   Mha   2.79   DES (2020)	3.5	Cropping intensit	Cropping intensity %		121	DES (2019)	
4.1 Net irrigated area (NIA) Mha 2.79 DES (2019) 4.2 Gross irrigated area Mha 3.63 4.2.1 Canal Tanks Tube-wells Other wells Other sources 1.30 0.23 1.10 0.04 0.11 4.3 Intensity of irrigation % 130 CGWB (2020) 4.4 Annual extractable groundwater BCM 20.15 4.4.1 Irrigation use (BCM) Industry use (BCM) Domestic use (BCM) 7.85 0.14 0.90 4.5 Stage of groundwater extraction % 44.15 CGWB (2020) 4.6 Area under micro-irrigation Mha 1.90 (68.1 % of NIA) DES (2020) 4.7 Assessment units for groundwater status No 670 CGWB (2020) 4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 501 (75%) 60 (8%) 24 (4%) 45 (7%) 40 (6%) 4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020) 5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021) 5.1 Treatable area® (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	3.25 (53.8% of NSA)		
4.1 Net irrigated area (NIA) Mha 2.79 DES (2019) 4.2 Gross irrigated area Mha 3.63 4.2.1 Canal Tanks Tube-wells Other wells Other sources 1.30 0.23 1.10 0.04 0.11 4.3 Intensity of irrigation % 130 CGWB (2020) 4.4 Annual extractable groundwater BCM 20.15 4.4.1 Irrigation use (BCM) Industry use (BCM) Domestic use (BCM)  7.85 0.14 0.90 4.5 Stage of groundwater extraction % 44.15 CGWB (2020) 4.6 Area under micro-irrigation Mha 1.90 (68.1 % of NIA) DES (2020) 4.7 Assessment units for groundwater status No 670 CGWB (2020) 4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 501 (75%) 60 (8%) 24 (4%) 45 (7%) 40 (6%) 4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020)  5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  5.1 Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	3.7	Horticultural cro	ps	Mha	1.52	DES (2020)	
4.2   Gross irrigated area   Mha   3.63         4.2.1   Canal   Tanks   Tube-wells   Other wells   Other sources     1.30   0.23   1.10   0.04   0.11     4.3   Intensity of irrigation   %   130   CGWB (2020)     4.4   Annual extractable groundwater   BCM   20.15   CGWB (2020)     4.4.1   Irrigation use (BCM)   Industry use (BCM)   Domestic use (BCM)     7.85   0.14   0.90     4.5   Stage of groundwater extraction   %   44.15   CGWB (2020)     4.6   Area under micro-irrigation   Mha   1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)   DES (2020)     4.7   Assessment units for groundwater status   No   670   CGWB (2020)     4.7.1   Safe   Semi-critical   Critical   Over-exploited   Saline     501 (75%)   60 (8%)   24 (4%)   45 (7%)   40 (6%)     4.8   Annual rainfall (Range)   mm   966 (552-1217)   DES-GoAP (2020)     5.   Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)   Treated area (Mha)   To be treated area (Mha)				4. Wa	ter Resources		
4.2   Gross irrigated area   Mha   3.63	4.1	Net irrigated area	(NIA)	Mha	2.79	DES (2019)	
4.2.1         Canal         Tanks         Tube-wells         Other wells         Other sources           1.30         0.23         1.10         0.04         0.11           4.3         Intensity of irrigation         %         130         CGWB (2020)           4.4         Annual extractable groundwater         BCM         20.15         Domestic use (BCM)           4.4.1         Irrigation use (BCM)         Industry use (BCM)         Domestic use (BCM)           5 Stage of groundwater extraction         %         44.15         CGWB (2020)           4.5         Stage of groundwater extraction         %         44.15         CGWB (2020)           4.6         Area under micro-irrigation         Mha         1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)         DES (2020)           4.7         Assessment units for groundwater status         No         670         CGWB (2020)           4.7.1         Safe Semi-critical Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 40 (6%)         Saline 40 (6%)         40 (6%)           4.8         Annual rainfall (Range)         mm         966 (552-1217)         DES-GoAP (2020)           5.         Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)         To be treated area (Mha)         To be treated area (Mha)			` ′			223 (2013)	
4.3 Intensity of irrigation		Ü				Other sources	
4.3 Intensity of irrigation						- 1	
4.4 Annual extractable groundwater BCM 20.15  4.4.1 Irrigation use (BCM) Industry use (BCM) Domestic use (BCM)  7.85 0.14 0.90  4.5 Stage of groundwater extraction % 44.15 CGWB (2020)  4.6 Area under micro-irrigation Mha 1.90 (68.1 % of NIA) DES (2020)  4.7 Assessment units for groundwater status No 670 CGWB (2020)  4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 501 (75%) 60 (8%) 24 (4%) 45 (7%) 40 (6%)  4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020)  5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	4.3						
4.4.1         Irrigation use (BCM)         Industry use (BCM)         Domestic use (BCM)           7.85         0.14         0.90           4.5         Stage of groundwater extraction         %         44.15         CGWB (2020)           4.6         Area under micro-irrigation         Mha         1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)         DES (2020)           4.7         Assessment units for groundwater status         No         670         CGWB (2020)           4.7.1         Safe 501 (75%)         Semi-critical 60 (8%)         Critical 70 (24 (4%)         Over-exploited 70 (40 (6%)         40 (6%)           4.8         Annual rainfall (Range)         mm         966 (552-1217)         DES-GoAP (2020)           5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)           5.1         Treatable area® (Mha)         Treated area (Mha)         To be treated area (Mha)						CGWB (2020)	
4.5 Stage of groundwater extraction % 44.15 CGWB (2020) 4.6 Area under micro-irrigation Mha 1.90 (68.1 % of NIA) DES (2020) 4.7 Assessment units for groundwater status No 670 CGWB (2020) 4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 501 (75%) 60 (8%) 24 (4%) 45 (7%) 40 (6%) 4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020)  5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	4.4.1		9		Industry use (BCM)	Domestic use (BCM)	
4.6 Area under micro-irrigation Mha 1.90 (68.1 % of NIA) DES (2020) 4.7 Assessment units for groundwater status No 670 CGWB (2020) 4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 501 (75%) 60 (8%) 24 (4%) 45 (7%) 40 (6%) 4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020)  5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)			7.85		0.14	0.90	
4.7 Assessment units for groundwater status  No 670 CGWB (2020)  4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 501 (75%) 60 (8%) 24 (4%) 45 (7%) 40 (6%)  4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020)  5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	4.5			%	44.15	CGWB (2020)	
4.7.1 Safe Semi-critical Critical Over-exploited Saline 40 (6%) 4.8 Annual rainfall (Range) mm 966 (552-1217) DES-GoAP (2020)  5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	4.6	0 0		Mha	1.90 (68.1 % of NIA)	DES (2020)	
501 (75%)   60 (8%)   24 (4%)   45 (7%)   40 (6%)	4.7	Assessment units for groundwater status		No	670	CGWB (2020)	
5. Watershed Development (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)  5.1 Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha	4.7.1						
5.1 Treatable area® (Mha) Treated area (Mha) To be treated area (Mha)	4.8	Annual rainfall (F	Range)	mm	966 (552-1217)	DES-GoAP (2020)	
				5. Watershed Develop	oment (MoRD, DoLR, 2021)		
	5.1		Treatable area <sup>@</sup> (M			To be treated area (Mha)	
6.37 3.44 2.93			6.37		3.44	2.93	
<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds							



#### 4.4.4.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.14: Rainwater harvesting potential of Andhra Pradesh state

Table 4.14: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Andhra Pradesh

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
401 - 547	2.36	706.73	0.07	
547 - 665	3.28	1461.80	0.15	
665 - 775	2.94	1534.62	0.15	
775 - 866	3.45	1724.81	0.17	
866 - 1042	3.11	1843.41	0.18	
Total		7271.36	0.73	
Available water for irrigation of	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	2181			
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	1.45			
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	5090			



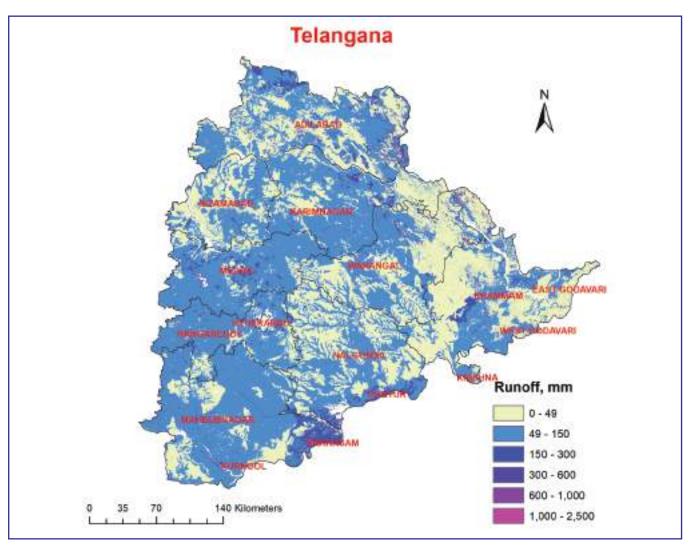
# 4.4.5 Telangana

## 4.4.5.1 State profile

S. N.	Par	ticular	Units	Value		Source	
	1. Demographic Characteristics						
1.1	Geographical area (GA)		Mha	11.21		DES (2019)	
1.2	District		No	33			
1.3	Gram panchayat		No	12769			
1.4	Villages		No	20268		GoTL (2022)	
1.5	Total population		M	35.00		, ,	
1.5.1	Male	Female	M	17.61 17.39			
1.6	Livestock population		M	32.63		DAHD (2018)	
	2. Land Use Statistics						
2.1	Forest area		Mha	2.70			
2.2	Area under non-a	gri-cultural uses	Mha	0.84			
2.3	Barren & uncultu	ırable land	Mha	0.61			
2.4	Permanent pastur	res & grazing lands	Mha	0.30			
2.5	Culturable wastel	land	Mha	0.18		DES (2019)	
2.6	Land under misc.	tree crops	Mha	0.11			
2.7	Fallow land other	than current	Mha	0.75			
2.8	Current fallow		Mha	1.06			
			3. Agricu	ltural Indicators			
3.1	GAV of agricultur	re and allied sector	Rs in Lakh	18439162		DES (2020)	
	at current prices						
3.2	Total operational	holdings	000'	5948		DES (2020)	
3.2.1	Marginal	Small	Semi- Medium	Medium		Large	
	(< 1 ha)	(1.0-2.0 ha)	(2.0-4.0 ha)	(4.0 -10.0 ha)		(10.0 ha and >)	
	3840	1409	564	126		9	
3.3	Net sown area (NSA)		Mha	4.66		DES (2019)	
3.4	Gross cropped area		Mha	5.77			
3.5	Cropping intensit	У	%	123.90		:- ( ,	
3.6	Rainfed area		Mha	2.45 (53% of NSA)			
3.7	Horticultural crops		Mha	0.45		DES (2020)	
			4. Wa	ter Resources			
4.1	Net irrigated area	ı (NIA)	Mha	2.21		DES (2019)	
4.2	Gross irrigated an	rea	Mha	3.13			
4.2.1	Canal	Tanks	Tube-wells	Other wells		Other sources	
	0.43	0.24	1.05	0.40		0.10	
4.3	Intensity of irriga	tion	%	141.63		CGWB (2020)	
4.4	Annual extractab	U	BCM	12.37		` '	
4.4.1		Irrigation use (BC)	M)	Industry use (B	CM)	Domestic use (BCM)	
	a	7.09		-		1.00	
4.5	Stage of groundwater extraction		%	65.45		CGWB (2020)	
4.6	Area under micro-irrigation  Assessment units for groundwater status		Mha	0.37 (16.7 % of NIA)		DES (2020)	
4.7		8	No Critical	584	A.	CGWB (2020)	
4.7.1	Safe 278 (48%)	Semi-critical 169 (29%)	Critical 67 (11%)	Over-exploite 70 (12 %)	eu	Saline 0 (0%)	
4.8	Annual rainfall (Range)		mm	905 (614-121)	2)	Web source	
			5. Watershed Develop	oment (MoRD, DoLR, 202	1)		
5.1		Treatable area <sup>®</sup> (M	ha)	Treated area (M	Iha)	To be treated area (Mha)	
		8.66		3.45		5.21	
<sup>®</sup> Area	<sup>®</sup> Area to be treated with watersheds						



#### 4.4.5.2 Rainwater harvesting potential



Map 4.15: Rainwater harvesting potential of Telangala state

Table 4.15: Total harvestable runoff, available for irrigation and ground water recharge potential in the state of Telangana

Annual Rainfall	Area	Harvestable Runoff		
(mm)	(M ha)	MCM	M ha-m	
512 - 612	4.06	1439.31	0.14	
612 - 721	2.13	819.85	0.08	
721 - 827	1.74	732.91	0.07	
827 - 937	2.16	976.77	0.10	
937 - 1102	0.90	412.42	0.04	
Total		4381.25	0.44	
Available water for irrigation of	& ground water re	charge		
Available water for protective irrigation of (MCM)	1314			
Area that can be irrigated with two irrigation (M ha)	0.88			
Available water for ground water recharge (MCM)	3067			





## **WAYFORWARD**

Water resource challenges faced by India can only be addressed by adopting an informed approach that considers all uses and sources of water from a hydrologic perspective. This requires sound information and knowledge on the water resource database and its uses. The hydrologic complexities can no more be ignored in our development work, rather initiatives are required to employ such data for useful work.

Data-based planning offers a good pathway forward. It leads to right problem identification, employ appropriate data in assessing the existing status and, formulate a solution for managing the water resources locally or if a local solution is not possible, it helps in recommending a broader area development plan.

Rainwater harvesting implies augmentation of available water as artificial recharge in springs or aquifers and/or creating new source within the area by impoundment of surface water albeit on a small and decentralized scale. An ideal information required to assess the potential of water resources in a hydrologically defined boundary are water availability in different types of sources, capacity of source to yield required amount of water, contributing area/catchment area of the source, fluctuations in availability of water, identification of water surplus/water scarce zones in the catchment, future scenario of water availability, and effects of weather (rainfall) aberrations.

A new version of the Green Revolution which is knowledge-intensive, and builds the capacity of farmers to manage agricultural land for higher productivity and resource input efficiency has to be initiated. It should also entail increased biological and genetic knowledge along with improved land and water management practices for optimum water-nutrient-energy efficiency.

Extensive data, information and knowledge systems at various spatial and temporal scales need to be generated and shared among wide and-diverse networks. Improved understanding of system behavior needs to be accompanied by effective decision-making tools for various stakeholders.

National Water Mission is one among the eight missions under National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC) which focuses on 20% improvement in water use efficiency through pricing and other measures to deal with water scarcity as a result of climate change. In view of this various ministries are addressing the water resource issue through dedicated programmes/schemes.

The Ministry of Rural Development, Department of Water Resources, MoWR, RD & GR and the Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers' Welfare are promoting 'Mission Water Conservation" to ensure gainful utilization of funds. These efforts strive to ensure synergies in Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY), and erstwhile Integrated Watershed Management Programme (IWMP) now PMKSY-Watershed Development Component and Command Area Development &Water Management (CADWM), given their common

#### Rainwater Harvesting Potential Database of India (1.0)



objectives. Types of common works undertaken under these programmes/ schemes are water conservation and management, water harvesting, soil and moisture conservation, ground water recharge, flood protection, land development, Command Area Development & Watershed Management.

It would be prudent to further develop some useful tools to employ the spatial and GIS-based data generated as rainwater harvesting potential in effective implementation of 'Mission Water Conservation' so as to strengthen the efforts of the Central Government.





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## **ABBREVIATIONS**

BCM : Billion Cubic Meters

CADWM : Command Area Development & Watershed Management

CGWB : Central Ground Water Board

DAHD : Department of Animal Husbandry & Dairying

DEM : Digital Elevation Model

DES : Directorate of Economics and Statistics

DoLR : Department of Land Resources

DoP : Department of Panchayat

DPSPM : Department of Planning, Statistics and Programme Monitoring

GA : Geographical Area

GIS : Geographical Information System

GoAP : Government of Andhra Pradesh

GoBH : Government of Bihar

GoK : Government of Karnataka

GoKL : Government of Kerala

GoMP : Government of Madhya Pradesh

GoO: Government of Odisha

GoR : Government of Rajasthan

GoTL : Government of Telangana

GoTN : Government of Tamil Nadu

GoUP : Government of Uttar Pradesh

GoWB : Government of West Bengal

HSG : Hydrologic Soil Group

ICAR : Indian Council of Agricultural Research

IISWC : Indian Institute of Soil and Water Conservation

IIWM : Indian Institute of Water Management

IMD : India Meteorological Department

IWMP : Integrated Watershed Management Programme

LGD : Local Government Directory

M : Million

#### Rainwater Harvesting Potential Database of India (1.0)



MCM : Million Cubic Meters

MGNREGS: Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme

Mha : Million hectares

MoAFW : Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' welfare

MoWR : Ministry of Water Resources

NAPCC : National Action Plan on Climate Change

NASA : National Aeronautics and Space Administration

NBSS &LUP: National Bureau of Soil Survey and Land Use Planning

NIA : Net Irrigated Area

NRM : Natural Resource Management

NSA : Net Sown Area

PMKSY : Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana

PPMSD : Planning, Programme Monitoring and Statistics Department

RD & GR : River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation

RWH : Rainwater Harvesting





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